

MORRISON COUNTY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

REPORT GUIDE INDEX

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**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

**ORGANIZATION SCHEDULE
MORRISON COUNTY
2021**

Office	Name	Term of Office	
		From	To
Commissioners			
1st District	Mike LeMieur	January 2021	January 2025
2nd District	Jeff Jelinski	January 2021	January 2025
3rd District	Randy Winscher	January 2021	January 2025
4th District	Mike Wilson ¹	January 2019	January 2023
5th District	Greg Blaine	January 2019	January 2023
Officers			
Elected			
Attorney	Brian Middendorf	January 2019	January 2023
Auditor-Treasurer	Chelsey Robinson	January 2019	January 2023
Recorder	Eileen Holtberg ²	January 2019	May 2021
Recorder	Jenny Sanders	May 2021	January 2023
Sheriff	Shawn Larsen	January 2019	January 2023
Appointed			
Assessor	Jean Popp	January 2021	December 2024
Corrections	Nicole Kern		Indefinite
County Administrator	Matt LeBlanc		Indefinite
Court Administrator	Rhonda Bot		Indefinite
Extension	Susanne Hinrichs		Indefinite
Information Systems	Amy Middendorf		Indefinite
Land Services Director	Amy Kowalzek		Indefinite
Public Health Director	Brad Vold		Indefinite
Public Works Director	Steven Backowski ³	May 2016	December 2021
Public Works Director	Anthony Hennen	December 2021	May 2022
Social Services Director	Brad Vold		Indefinite
Veterans Service Officer	Kathy Marshik	May 2018	May 2022

¹ Chair

² Retired May, 2021

³ Retired December, 2021

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
DECEMBER 31, 2021
(Unaudited)**

This section of Morrison County's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on December 31, 2021. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is required supplementary information specified in the Governmental Accounting Standard Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*, issued in June 1999. Certain comparative information between the current year, 2021, and the prior year, 2020, is required to be presented in the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2021 fiscal year include the following:

- County-wide net position increased 5.59 percent over the prior year.
- Overall fund level revenues totaled \$55,208,476 and were \$1,156,715 more than expenditures.
- General Fund revenues were \$1,382,788 more than budgeted.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the annual report consists of four parts: Independent Auditor's Report; required supplementary information, which includes the MD&A (this section), certain budgetary comparison schedules, and information on the County's other postemployment benefits (OPEB) and net pension liability; the basic financial statements; and supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the County:

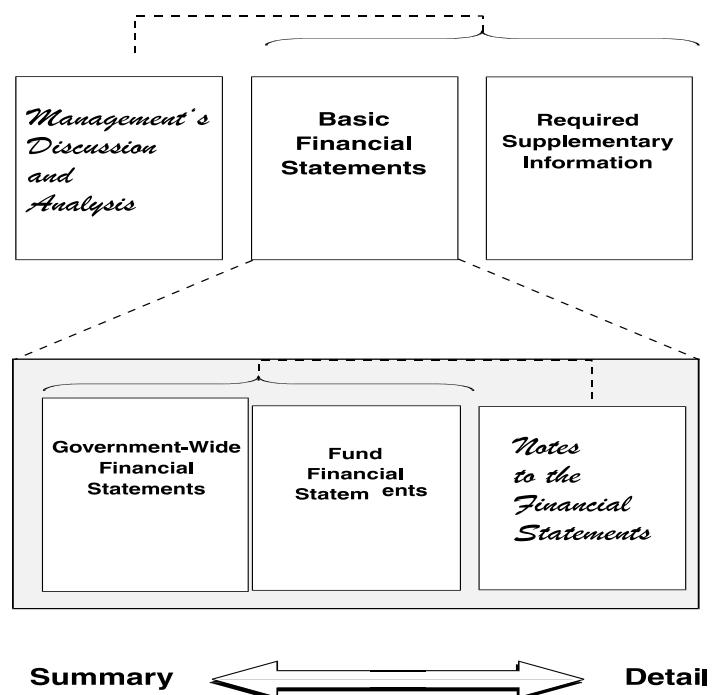
- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements, which provide both short-term and long-term information about the County's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements, which focus on individual parts of the County, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds' statements tell how basic services, such as general government, human services, and highways and streets, were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

- Fiduciary funds' statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the County acts solely as a trustee or custodian for the benefit of others to whom the resources belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-1
Annual Report Format



(Unaudited)

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the County's financial statements, including the portion of the County's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of the MD&A highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2. Major Features of the County's Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements			
Type of Statements	Government-Wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire County's funds (except fiduciary funds) and the County's component units	The activities of the County that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Instances in which the County is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
Required financial statements	Statement of net position	Balance sheet	Statement of fiduciary net position
	Statement of activities	Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	Statement of changes in fiduciary net position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Full accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Full accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, both short-term and long-term; custodial funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, and expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

(Unaudited)

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how it has changed. Net position—the sum of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources, less the sum of its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources—is one way to measure the County's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the County, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of County buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the County's activities are shown in one category:

- Governmental activities – The County's basic services are included here. Property taxes and state aid finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's funds—focusing on its most significant or “major” funds—not the County as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the County uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The County establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (for example, repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (for example, federal grants).

The County has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds – The County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on: (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds' statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the County-wide statements, both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

(Unaudited)

- Fiduciary funds – The County is the fiscal agent, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the County-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The County's net position was \$149,708,932 on December 31, 2021. (See Table A-1.)

Table A-1
Net Position

	Governmental Activities	
	2021	2020
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 49,157,477	\$ 44,950,742
Capital and noncurrent assets	<u>141,839,849</u>	<u>137,154,167</u>
Total Assets	\$ 190,997,326	\$ 182,104,909
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred OPEB outflows	\$ 247,500	\$ 235,261
Deferred pension outflows	<u>8,708,768</u>	<u>2,742,625</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 8,956,268	\$ 2,977,886
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	\$ 6,159,744	\$ 2,873,417
Long-term liabilities	<u>32,214,742</u>	<u>37,606,027</u>
Total Liabilities	\$ 38,374,486	\$ 40,479,444
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred OPEB inflows	\$ 637,649	\$ 744,361
Deferred pension inflows	<u>11,232,527</u>	<u>2,074,662</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 11,870,176	\$ 2,819,023
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 129,641,736	\$ 125,793,487
Restricted	3,551,339	3,526,119
Unrestricted	<u>16,515,857</u>	<u>12,464,722</u>
Total Net Position	\$ 149,708,932	\$ 141,784,328

(Unaudited)

Change in Net Position

The total County-wide revenues on a full accrual basis were \$55,582,573 for the year ended December 31, 2021. Property taxes and intergovernmental revenues accounted for 78.93 percent of total revenues for the year. (See Table A-2.)

Table A-2
Change in Net Position

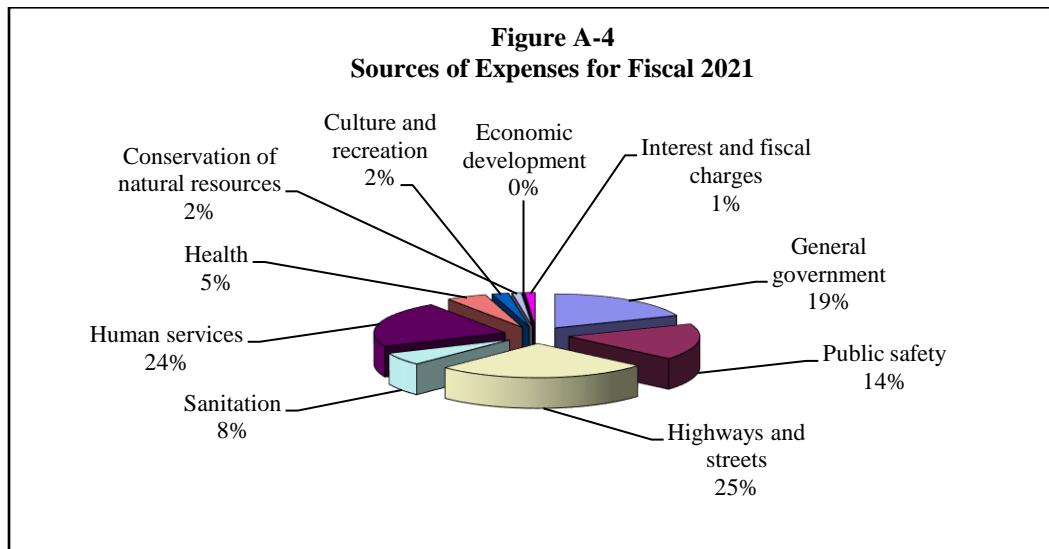
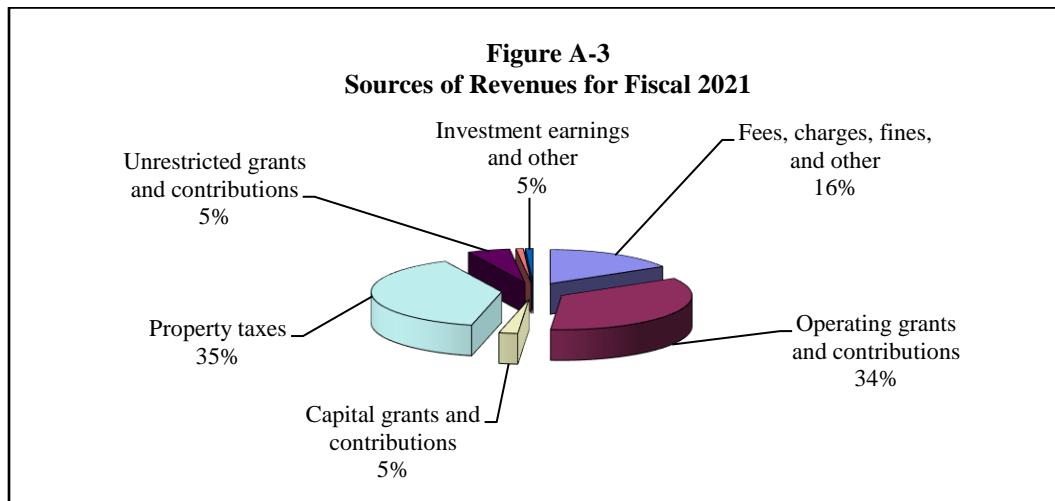
	Governmental Activities	
	2021	2020
Revenues		
Program revenues		
Fees, charges, fines, and other	\$ 8,772,263	\$ 11,493,035
Operating grants and contributions	18,881,700	22,412,479
Capital grants and contributions	2,950,082	1,802,311
General revenues		
Property taxes	19,274,473	18,719,406
Unrestricted grants and contributions	2,765,227	2,724,543
Investment earnings	89,440	322,196
Other	<u>2,849,388</u>	<u>2,460,449</u>
Total Revenues	\$ 55,582,573	\$ 59,934,419
Expenses		
General government	\$ 9,154,803	\$ 10,199,128
Public safety	6,621,299	7,841,091
Highways and streets	11,773,607	9,627,863
Sanitation	3,982,195	4,165,436
Human services	11,592,790	13,846,628
Health	2,245,982	2,307,852
Culture and recreation	942,111	973,873
Conservation of natural resources	758,465	599,639
Economic development	113,146	113,464
Interest	<u>473,571</u>	<u>496,929</u>
Total Expenses	\$ 47,657,969	\$ 50,171,903
Increase in Net Position	\$ 7,924,604	\$ 9,762,516
Net Position – Beginning	<u>141,784,328</u>	<u>132,021,812</u>
Net Position – Ending	<u>\$ 149,708,932</u>	<u>\$ 141,784,328</u>

Total revenues were more than expenses, increasing net position \$7,924,604 over the prior year.

(Unaudited)

The County-wide cost of all governmental activities this year was \$47,657,969.

- Some of the cost was paid by the users of the County's programs (\$8,772,263).
- The federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$21,831,782).
- The remaining County costs (\$17,053,924), however, were paid for by County taxpayers and the taxpayers of our state. This portion of governmental activities was paid for with \$19,274,473 in property taxes, \$2,362,834 in transportation tax, \$2,765,227 of state aid, and \$575,994 of investment earnings and other general revenues.



(Unaudited)

Table A-3
Cost of Services

	Total Cost of Services		Percent (%) Change	Net Cost of (Revenue from) Services		Percent (%) Change
	2021	2020		2021	2020	
General government	\$ 9,154,803	\$ 10,199,128	(10.2)	\$ 7,158,936	\$ 1,078,056	564.1
Public safety	6,621,299	7,841,091	(15.6)	4,903,400	6,388,142	(23.2)
Highways and streets	11,773,607	9,627,863	22.3	1,157,714	(838,526)	238.1
Sanitation	3,982,195	4,165,436	(4.4)	473,483	745,367	(36.5)
Human services	11,592,790	13,846,628	(16.3)	1,668,502	5,055,878	(67.0)
Health	2,245,982	2,307,852	(2.7)	(146,526)	101,720	(244.1)
Culture and recreation	942,111	973,873	(3.3)	643,267	742,137	(13.3)
Conservation of natural resources	758,465	599,639	26.5	608,431	580,911	4.7
Economic development	113,146	113,464	(0.3)	113,146	113,464	(0.3)
Interest	<u>473,571</u>	<u>496,929</u>	(4.7)	<u>473,571</u>	<u>496,929</u>	(4.7)
Total	<u>\$ 47,657,969</u>	<u>\$ 50,171,903</u>	(5.0)	<u>\$ 17,053,924</u>	<u>\$ 14,464,078</u>	17.9

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AT THE FUND LEVEL

The financial performance of the County as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the County completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$37,996,115.

Revenues for the County's governmental funds were \$55,208,476, while total expenditures were \$54,051,761.

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund includes the primary operations of the County in providing services to citizens and some capital outlay projects. The following schedule presents a summary of General Fund revenues.

Table A-4
General Fund Revenues

Fund	Year Ended December 31		Change	
	2021	2020	Increase (Decrease)	Percent (%)
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 11,484,349	\$ 10,958,381	\$ 525,968	4.8
Licenses and permits	367,832	355,067	12,765	3.6
Intergovernmental	5,045,249	9,531,304	(4,486,055)	(47.1)
Charges for services	2,513,979	2,193,181	320,798	14.6
Investment income	37,321	362,226	(324,905)	(89.7)
Miscellaneous and other	<u>840,256</u>	<u>757,975</u>	<u>82,281</u>	10.9
Total General Fund Revenues	<u>\$ 20,288,986</u>	<u>\$ 24,158,134</u>	<u>\$ (3,869,148)</u>	(16.0)

(Unaudited)

Total General Fund revenues decreased by \$3,869,148, or 16.0 percent, from the previous year. The mix of property tax and state aid can change significantly from year to year without any net change in revenue. Intergovernmental revenue decreased significantly in 2021 due to the \$4.2 million in federal Coronavirus Relief Fund grant received in response to the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020 and not in 2021.

The following schedule presents a summary of General Fund expenditures.

Table A-5
General Fund Expenditures

	Year Ended December 31		Amount of Increase (Decrease)	Percent (%) Increase (Decrease)
	2021	2020		
General government	\$ 8,211,444	\$ 9,284,901	\$ (1,073,457)	(11.6)
Public safety	8,187,187	7,702,524	484,663	6.3
Health	2,269,341	2,257,774	11,567	0.5
Culture and recreation	255,571	254,202	1,369	0.5
Conservation of natural resources	744,344	596,637	147,707	24.8
Economic development	113,146	113,464	(318)	(0.3)
Intergovernmental	503,001	506,845	(3,844)	(0.8)
Total Expenditures	\$ 20,284,034	\$ 20,716,347	\$ (432,313)	(2.1)

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

- Actual revenues were \$1,382,788 more than expected mainly due to an unexpected increase in funding and an increase in fees for services.
- The actual expenditures were \$141,003 more than budget, which is not a significant difference.

DEBT SERVICE

An annual levy is made to fund the bond payments for all previous bond issues.

CAPITAL ASSETS

By the end of 2021, the County had invested over \$141.8 million in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, computers, equipment, and infrastructure. (See Table A-6.) More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 3.A.3 to the financial statements. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$6,770,608.

(Unaudited)

Table A-6
Capital Assets

	2021	2020	Percent (%) Change
Land	\$ 4,539,912	\$ 4,534,059	0.1
Construction in progress	-	10,763,339	(100.0)
Buildings	37,675,699	26,483,755	42.3
Machinery, furniture, and equipment	13,302,319	13,118,239	1.4
Infrastructure	191,105,570	180,948,894	5.6
Less: accumulated depreciation	(104,783,651)	(98,694,119)	6.2
 Total	 \$ 141,839,849	 \$ 137,154,167	 3.4

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

At year-end, the County had \$33,069,617 in long-term liabilities outstanding.

Table A-7
Long-Term Liabilities

	2021	2020	Percent (%) Change
General obligation bonds	\$ 14,400,000	\$ 15,120,000	(4.8)
Bond premiums	195,227	212,203	(8.0)
Bond discounts	(1,887)	(1,998)	(5.6)
Compensated absences	2,028,073	2,251,331	(9.9)
OPEB obligation	2,031,810	1,800,022	12.9
Net pension liability	9,383,174	13,940,897	(32.7)
Estimated liability for landfill closure/postclosure care	<u>5,033,220</u>	<u>4,283,572</u>	17.5
 Total	 \$ 33,069,617	 \$ 37,606,027	 (12.1)

FACTORS BEARING ON THE COUNTY'S FUTURE

The County is dependent on the State of Minnesota for a significant portion of its revenue and, as such, the health of the state is of utmost importance. With the pandemic still holding with all the different variants, it is our hope that no future shutdowns will take place to adversely affect the economy of Morrison County. As inflation increases and possibly going into a recession, the County will need to pay close attention to make sure that we can adapt to any changes that this may have on Morrison County finances. The County is seeing a number of staff retiring or leaving for other positions, which will have an impact on future hiring if the County is unable to hire qualified staff to replace them.

(Unaudited)

Unfunded mandates from the State of Minnesota continue to be a major concern to counties and, with the onset of the pandemic, this may become even more of a problem. As the state pushes more costs down to the County, the property tax continues to be used to fund these programs that have not been funded with property tax dollars before. Maintaining current aid will hopefully slow down these unfunded mandates. The County is in excellent financial shape and would be able to handle any adverse conditions that would have any financial impact on the County.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Curt Bryniarski, Chief Financial Officer, at (320) 632-0136.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

The Morrison County Rural Development Finance Authority (RDFA) and the Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) of Morrison County are component units of Morrison County and are reported in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from Morrison County. Complete financial statements of the Morrison County RDFA can be obtained at 213 First Avenue Southeast, Little Falls, Minnesota 56345-3196. Complete financial statements of the HRA of Morrison County can be obtained by writing to the HRA of Morrison County, 304 Second Street Southeast, Little Falls, Minnesota 56345.

(Unaudited)

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT 1

**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	Primary Government Governmental Activities	Component Units	
		Housing and Redevelopment Authority	Rural Development Finance Authority
Assets			
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 40,566,829	\$ 99,871	\$ 421,359
Restricted cash	-	97,280	-
Petty cash and change funds	6,550	-	-
Departmental cash	7,027	-	-
Taxes receivable			
Delinquent	429,093	-	-
Special assessments receivable			
Noncurrent	1,952	-	-
Accounts receivable	3,062,161	8,194	-
Settlement receivable	1,593,825	-	-
Accrued interest receivable	81,831	-	-
Due from other governments	2,224,186	-	1,202
Loans receivable – net of allowance	165,000	-	472,404
Inventories	935,059	-	-
Prepays	-	534	-
Net pension asset	83,964	-	-
Capital assets			
Non-depreciable	4,539,912	-	-
Depreciable – net of accumulated depreciation	137,299,937	7,239	-
Total Assets	\$ 190,997,326	\$ 213,118	\$ 894,965
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred other postemployment benefits outflows	\$ 247,500	\$ -	\$ -
Deferred pension outflows	8,708,768	-	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 8,956,268	\$ -	\$ -

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

**EXHIBIT 1
(Continued)**

**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	Primary Government Governmental Activities	Component Units	
		Housing and Redevelopment Authority	Rural Development Finance Authority
Accounts payable	\$ 637,425	\$ 917	\$ -
Salaries payable	861,838	12,990	-
Contracts payable	138,943	-	-
Due to other governments	77,732	-	-
Accrued interest payable	154,409	-	-
Unearned revenue	3,434,522	63,738	-
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year	854,875	2,738	-
Due in more than one year	20,799,758	13,367	-
Other postemployment benefits obligation	2,031,810	-	-
Net pension liability	9,383,174	-	-
Total Liabilities	\$ 38,374,486	\$ 93,750	\$ -

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred other postemployment benefits inflows	\$ 637,649	\$ -	\$ -
Deferred pension inflows	11,232,527	-	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 11,870,176	\$ -	\$ -

Net Position

Net investment in capital assets	\$ 129,641,736	\$ 7,239	\$ -
Restricted for			
General government	1,052,705	-	-
Public safety	88,708	-	-
Opioid remediation activities	1,593,825	-	-
Conservation of natural resources	816,101	-	-
Economic development	-	-	894,965
Housing assistance payments	-	66,961	-
Unrestricted	16,515,857	45,168	-
Total Net Position	\$ 149,708,932	\$ 119,368	\$ 894,965

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT 2

**STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Fees, Charges, Fines, and Other</u>
Functions/Programs		
Primary government		
Governmental activities		
General government	\$ 9,154,803	\$ 1,481,747
Public safety	6,621,299	465,119
Highways and streets	11,773,607	418,325
Sanitation	3,982,195	3,401,370
Human services	11,592,790	1,737,669
Health	2,245,982	1,182,720
Culture and recreation	942,111	5,835
Conservation of natural resources	758,465	79,478
Economic development	113,146	-
Interest	473,571	-
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 47,657,969</u>	<u>\$ 8,772,263</u>
Component units		
Housing and Redevelopment Authority	<u>\$ 591,613</u>	<u>\$ 107,117</u>
Rural Development Finance Authority	<u>\$ 108,140</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
General Revenues		
Property taxes		
Transit sales and use tax		
Payments in lieu of tax		
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs		
Unrestricted investment earnings		
Miscellaneous		
Gain on sale of capital assets		
Total general revenues		
Change in net position		
Net Position – Beginning		
Net Position – Ending		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT 2
(Continued)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT 3

**BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	<u>General</u>	<u>Road and Bridge</u>	<u>Social Services</u>
<u>Assets</u>			
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 18,652,065	\$ 6,514,994	\$ 5,424,793
Petty cash and change funds	6,325	175	50
Departmental cash	6,580	-	-
Taxes receivable – delinquent	247,879	66,532	84,095
Special assessments receivable – noncurrent	1,952	-	-
Accounts receivable	832,509	40,737	2,002,011
Settlement receivable	-	-	-
Accrued interest receivable	56,713	-	19,115
Loans receivable	-	165,000	-
Due from other funds	3,054	-	-
Due from other governments	332,930	1,319,609	548,466
Inventories	-	935,059	-
Total Assets	\$ 20,140,007	\$ 9,042,106	\$ 8,078,530
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</u>			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 126,890	\$ 55,009	\$ 345,777
Salaries payable	526,380	96,630	236,678
Contracts payable	-	138,943	-
Due to other funds	-	551	2,503
Due to other governments	5,288	13,154	55,030
Unearned revenue	3,434,522	-	-
Total Liabilities	\$ 4,093,080	\$ 304,287	\$ 639,988
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable revenue	\$ 1,025,998	\$ 1,339,972	\$ 1,936,556
Fund Balances (Note 3.D)			
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ 935,059	\$ -
Restricted	1,957,514	-	-
Committed	385,887	-	-
Assigned	4,743,662	6,462,788	5,501,986
Unassigned	7,933,866	-	-
Total Fund Balances	\$ 15,020,929	\$ 7,397,847	\$ 5,501,986
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances			
	\$ 20,140,007	\$ 9,042,106	\$ 8,078,530

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT 3
(Continued)

Solid Waste	Opioid Settlement	Debt Service	Nonmajor Funds	Total
\$ 7,195,029	\$ -	\$ 961,263	\$ 1,818,685	\$ 40,566,829
-	-	-	-	6,550
433	-	14	-	7,027
5,545	-	18,625	6,417	429,093
-	-	-	-	1,952
186,904	-	-	-	3,062,161
-	1,593,825	-	-	1,593,825
6,003	-	-	-	81,831
-	-	-	-	165,000
-	-	-	-	3,054
23,181	-	-	-	2,224,186
-	-	-	-	935,059
\$ 7,417,095	\$ 1,593,825	\$ 979,902	\$ 1,825,102	\$ 49,076,567
\$ 109,644	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 105	\$ 637,425
2,150	-	-	-	861,838
-	-	-	-	138,943
-	-	-	-	3,054
4,260	-	-	-	77,732
-	-	-	-	3,434,522
\$ 116,054	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 105	\$ 5,153,514
\$ 5,545	\$ 1,593,825	\$ 18,625	\$ 6,417	\$ 5,926,938
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 935,059
4,012,460	-	961,277	-	6,931,251
-	-	-	1,818,580	2,204,467
3,283,036	-	-	-	19,991,472
-	-	-	-	7,933,866
\$ 7,295,496	\$ -	\$ 961,277	\$ 1,818,580	\$ 37,996,115
\$ 7,417,095	\$ 1,593,825	\$ 979,902	\$ 1,825,102	\$ 49,076,567

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT 4

**RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION—GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

Fund balances – total governmental funds (Exhibit 3)	\$ 37,996,115
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Net pension assets are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in government funds	83,964
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	141,839,849
Deferred outflows of resources are not available resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Deferred other postemployment benefits outflows	\$ 247,500
Deferred pension outflows	<u>8,708,768</u>
	8,956,268
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported in the governmental funds.	5,926,938
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
General obligation bonds, net of premium and discount	\$ (14,593,340)
Accrued interest payable	(154,409)
Compensated absences	(2,028,073)
Estimated liability for landfill closure/postclosure	(5,033,220)
Other postemployment benefits obligation	(2,031,810)
Net pension liability	<u>(9,383,174)</u>
	(33,224,026)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Deferred other postemployment benefits inflows	\$ (637,649)
Deferred pension inflows	<u>(11,232,527)</u>
	(11,870,176)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1)	<u>\$ 149,708,932</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT 5

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	General	Road and Bridge
Revenues		
Taxes	\$ 11,398,742	\$ 5,203,924
Special assessments	85,607	-
Licenses and permits	367,832	-
Intergovernmental	5,045,249	10,793,592
Charges for services	2,513,979	337,835
Fines and forfeits	11,467	-
Investment income	37,321	-
Miscellaneous	828,789	177,292
Total Revenues	\$ 20,288,986	\$ 16,512,643
Expenditures		
Current		
General government	\$ 8,211,444	\$ -
Public safety	8,187,187	-
Highways and streets	-	16,372,950
Sanitation	-	-
Human services	-	-
Health	2,269,341	-
Culture and recreation	255,571	-
Conservation of natural resources	744,344	12,438
Economic development	113,146	-
Intergovernmental		
Highways and streets	-	555,223
Culture and recreation	503,001	-
Capital outlay		
General government	-	-
Debt service		
Principal	-	-
Interest	-	-
Administrative (fiscal) charges	-	-
Total Expenditures	\$ 20,284,034	\$ 16,940,611
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 4,952	\$ (427,968)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers in	\$ -	\$ -
Transfers out	(562,747)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (562,747)	\$ -
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (557,795)	\$ (427,968)
Fund Balances – January 1	\$ 15,578,724	\$ 7,815,346
Increase (decrease) in inventories	\$ -	\$ 10,469
Fund Balances – December 31	\$ 15,020,929	\$ 7,397,847

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT 5
(Continued)

	Social Services		Solid Waste		Debt Service		Nonmajor Funds		Total
\$	3,740,581	\$	244,930	\$	792,944	\$	301,825	\$	21,682,946
	-		-		-		-		85,607
	-		17,825		-		-		385,657
7,127,901			142,316		113,480		165,323		23,387,861
879,412			3,355,825		-		-		7,087,051
-			-		-		-		11,467
-			44,202		137		41		81,701
1,120,773			27,720		301,195		30,417		2,486,186
\$	12,868,667	\$	3,832,818	\$	1,207,756	\$	497,606	\$	55,208,476
 \$	 -	 \$	 -	 \$	 -	 \$	 196,656	 \$	 8,408,100
	-		-		-		-		8,187,187
	-		-		-		-		16,372,950
	-		3,072,896		-		-		3,072,896
11,834,968			-		-		-		11,834,968
-			-		-		-		2,269,341
-			-		-		297,237		552,808
-			-		-		-		756,782
-			-		-		-		113,146
-			-		-		-		555,223
-			-		-		-		503,001
-			-		-		225,288		225,288
-			-		720,000		-		720,000
-			-		479,081		-		479,081
-			-		990		-		990
\$	11,834,968	\$	3,072,896	\$	1,200,071	\$	719,181	\$	54,051,761
\$	1,033,699	\$	759,922	\$	7,685	\$	(221,575)	\$	1,156,715
 \$	 -	 \$	 -	 \$	 -	 \$	 562,747	 \$	 562,747
	-		-		-		-		(562,747)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	562,747	\$	-
\$	1,033,699	\$	759,922	\$	7,685	\$	341,172	\$	1,156,715
4,468,287		6,535,574		953,592		1,477,408		36,828,931	
-		-		-		-		10,469	
\$	5,501,986	\$	7,295,496	\$	961,277	\$	1,818,580	\$	37,996,115

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT 6

**RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES—GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds (Exhibit 5) \$ **1,156,715**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

In the funds, under the modified accrual basis, receivables not available for expenditure are deferred. In the statement of activities, those revenues are recognized when earned. The adjustment to revenue between the fund statements and the statement of activities is the increase or decrease in unavailable revenue.

Unavailable revenue – December 31	\$ 5,926,938	517,635
Unavailable revenue – January 1	<u>(5,409,303)</u>	

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets is reported; whereas, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Therefore, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the assets disposed of.

Expenditures for general capital assets and infrastructure	\$ 11,495,200	4,685,682
Net book value of capital asset disposals	<u>(38,910)</u>	
Current year depreciation	<u>(6,770,608)</u>	

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, the governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

Principal repayments	\$ 720,000	736,865
General obligation bonds	<u>16,865</u>	
Current year amortization of premiums and discounts	<u>16,865</u>	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT 6
(Continued)

**RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES—GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in accrued interest payable	\$ 6,500
Change in compensated absences	223,258
Change in estimated liability for landfill closure/postclosure	(749,648)
Change in other postemployment benefits obligation	(231,788)
Change in net pension asset	83,964
Change in net pension liability	4,557,723
Change in deferred other postemployment benefits outflows	12,239
Change in deferred pension outflows	5,966,143
Change in deferred other postemployment benefits inflows	106,712
Change in deferred pension inflows	(9,157,865)
Change in inventories	<u>10,469</u>
	<u>827,707</u>
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)	<u>\$ 7,924,604</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT 7

**STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	Social Welfare Private-Purpose Trust Fund	Custodial Funds
<u>Assets</u>		
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 14,471	\$ 970,515
Due from other governments	- -	423,862
Accounts receivable for other governments	- -	191,789
Interest receivable for other governments	- -	318
Taxes and special assessments receivable for other governments	- -	604,511
Total Assets	<u>\$ 14,471</u>	<u>\$ 2,190,995</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Due to other governments	\$ - -	\$ 1,172,771
<u>Net Position</u>		
Restricted for Individuals, organizations, and other governments	<u>\$ 14,471</u>	<u>\$ 1,018,224</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT 8

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	Social Welfare Private-Purpose Trust Fund	Custodial Funds
Additions		
Contributions from individuals	\$ 147,505	\$ 143,402
Investment earnings	-	2,845
Property tax and special assessment collections for other governments	-	26,022,025
Tax-forfeited land sales	-	37,812
Federal/State revenue	-	1,995,166
Other taxes collected for other governments	-	1,474,357
Fees collected for other governments	-	1,207,016
Mortgage foreclosure sales	-	443,528
Miscellaneous	<u>579</u>	<u>11,000</u>
Total Additions	<u>\$ 148,084</u>	<u>\$ 31,337,151</u>
Deductions		
Beneficiary payments to individuals	\$ 157,174	\$ 60,381
Payments of property tax and special assessments to other governments	-	25,937,610
Payments to state	-	2,656,998
Administrative expense	590	1,687
Payments to other individuals/entities	<u>-</u>	<u>2,890,349</u>
Total Deductions	<u>\$ 157,764</u>	<u>\$ 31,547,025</u>
Change in net position	<u>\$ (9,680)</u>	<u>\$ (209,874)</u>
Net Position – January 1	<u>\$ 24,151</u>	<u>\$ 1,228,098</u>
Net Position – December 31	<u>\$ 14,471</u>	<u>\$ 1,018,224</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the County are discussed below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Morrison County was established February 23, 1855, and is an organized county having the powers, duties, and privileges granted counties by Minn. Stat. ch. 373. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present Morrison County (the primary government) and its component units for which the County is financially accountable. The County is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners elected from districts within the County. The Board is organized with a chair and vice chair elected at the annual meeting in January of each year. The County Administrator, who is appointed by the County Board, serves as its clerk.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Morrison County Rural Development Finance Authority (RDFA) is a component unit of Morrison County and is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that the RDFA is legally separate from Morrison County. The RDFA was established to promote economic development in rural areas in Morrison County. The RDFA's Board of Commissioners consists of seven members: two are Morrison County Commissioners, two are City of Little Falls Council members, two are appointed by the County Board of Commissioners, and one is appointed by the Little Falls City Council. The RDFA is reported as a component unit of the County because the County can significantly influence the operations of the RDFA.

The Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) of Morrison County is a component unit of Morrison County and is reported in a separate column in the County's government-wide financial statements to emphasize that the HRA is legally separate from Morrison County. The HRA operates as a local government unit for the purpose of

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Discretely Presented Component Units (Continued)

providing housing and redevelopment services to Morrison County. The governing board consists of a five-member Board appointed by the Morrison County Commissioners. Although it is legally separate from the County, the activity is included as a discrete component unit because the County appoints the members and a financial burden exists. The financial statements included are as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Complete financial statements of the HRA of Morrison County can be obtained by writing to the Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Morrison County, 304 Second Street Southeast, Little Falls, Minnesota 56345.

Joint Ventures and Jointly Governed Organizations

The County participates in several joint ventures, which are described in Note 5.B. The County also participates in jointly-governed organizations, which are described in Note 5.C.

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the primary government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall County government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported in a single column.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the governmental activities column: (a) is presented on a consolidated basis; and (b) is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The County's net position is reported in

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. Government-Wide Statements (Continued)

three parts: (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted net position, and (3) unrestricted net position. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the County's governmental activities are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of governmental fund financial statements is on major individual governmental funds, with each displayed as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

The Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the County Highway Department, which is responsible for the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and other projects affecting County roadways.

The Social Services Special Revenue Fund is used to account for economic assistance and community social services programs.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

B. Basic Financial Statements

2. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund is used to account for all funds to be used for solid waste. Financing comes primarily from fees.

The Opioid Settlement Special Revenue Fund is used to retain and account for the County's share of settlement proceeds from the national settlement agreement of the state and national litigation related to the opioid industry.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payments of, principal, interest, and related costs of the County's long-term bonds.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

The Private-Purpose Trust Fund accounts for funds in trust that the County is holding for individuals receiving social welfare assistance.

Custodial funds account for monies held in a fiduciary capacity on behalf of school districts, and special districts that use the County as a depository; property taxes and fees collected on behalf of other governments; individual inmate accounts from the county jail; monies held as a result of civil actions; and local and state contributions for the Morrison-Todd-Wadena Community Health Board and the Morrison County Collaborative.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Morrison County considers all revenues as available if collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Property and other taxes, licenses, and interest are all considered susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Auditor-Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Pooled and fund investments are reported at their fair value at December 31, 2021. A market approach is used to value all investments other than external investment pools, which are measured at the net asset value. Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 385.07, investment earnings on cash and pooled investments of governmental and fiduciary funds are credited to the General Fund. Other funds received investment earnings based on other state statutes, grant agreements, contracts, and bond covenants. Pooled investment earnings for 2021 were \$37,321.

Morrison County invests in an external investment pool, the Minnesota Association of Governments Investing for Counties (MAGIC) Fund, which is created under a joint powers agreement pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The investment in the pool is measured at the net asset value per share provided by the pool.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity
(Continued)

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either “due to/from other funds” (the current portion of interfund loans) or “advances to/from other funds” (the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as “due to/from other funds.”

Accounts receivable are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The tax levy notice is mailed in March with the first half payment due May 15 and the second half payment due October 15. Unpaid taxes at December 31 become liens on the respective property and are classified in the financial statements as delinquent taxes receivable.

Taxes receivable consist of uncollected taxes payable in the years 2015 through 2021. Taxes receivable are offset by unavailable revenue for the amount not collectible within 60 days of December 31 to indicate they are not available to pay current expenditures. No provision has been made for an estimated uncollectible amount.

Special Assessments

Special assessments receivable consist of delinquent special assessments payable in the years 2015 through 2021, and noncurrent special assessments payable in 2022 and after. No provision has been made for an estimated uncollectible amount.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

2. Receivables and Payables (Continued)

Loans

Loans may be made to private enterprises or individuals as per the parameters of the specific programs. The Rural Development Finance Authority component unit provides loans to promote business expansion in the area. Loans receivable are reported as an asset in the amount of loan proceeds, less collections on principal. An allowance for uncollectible loans, which offsets the total gross loans receivable, is recognized for the amount of loans receivable for which collection is doubtful or questionable. This allowance is based on management's expectation for collectability. Interest earned on the loans is recognized as revenue.

3. Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method. The inventories in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Reported inventories are equally offset by non-spendable fund balance to indicate that they do not constitute available spendable resources. Inventories at the government-wide level are recorded as expenses when consumed.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (for example, roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed.

Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value (entry price) at the date of donation.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the County are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	25 to 50
Building improvements	40
Public domain infrastructure	50 to 75
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	5 to 25

5. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual vacation and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide statement of net position reports both current and noncurrent portions of compensated absences. The current portion consists of an amount based on a trend analysis of current usage of vacation and sick leave. The noncurrent portion consists of the remaining amount of vacation and sick leave. The compensated absences liability is primarily liquidated by the General Fund and the Road and Bridge and Social Services Special Revenue Funds.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity
(Continued)

6. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed entirely in the year the debt was issued.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Unearned Revenue

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County reports deferred outflows of resources only under the full accrual basis of accounting associated with pension plans and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) and, accordingly, they are reported only in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Currently, the County has three types of deferred inflows. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from delinquent taxes receivable,

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Unearned Revenue (Continued)

delinquent and noncurrent special assessments receivable, a settlement receivable resulting from opioid litigation, and grants receivable for amounts that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Unavailable revenue arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The unavailable revenue amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. The County also reports deferred pension and deferred OPEB inflows. These inflows arise only under the full accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, are reported only in the statement of net position.

Governmental funds and government-wide financial statements report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

8. Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, except that PERA's fiscal year-end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Plan investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability is liquidated primarily by the General Fund and the Road and Bridge and Social Services Special Revenue Funds.

9. Classification of Net Position

Net position in the government-wide financial statements is classified in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets – the amount of net position representing capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

9. Classification of Net Position (Continued)

Restricted net position – the amount of net position for which external restrictions have been imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – the amount of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

10. Classification of Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. These classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable is the amount of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The “not in spendable form” criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted is the amount of fund balance subject to external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed is the amount of fund balance that can only be used for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of the County Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

10. Classification of Fund Balances (Continued)

Assigned is the amount of fund balance the County intends to use for specific purposes that does not meet the criteria to be classified as “restricted” or “committed.” In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the County Board. The County Board has also adopted a fund balance policy that delegates authority to assign fund balance to the County Administrator and the Accounting and Finance Manager.

Unassigned is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other fund balance classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

Further detail on fund balance classifications is available in Note 3.D.

The County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance amounts, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

The County has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund, the Road and Bridge and Social Services Special Revenue Funds, and the Debt Service Fund, as follows:

General Fund – the County is to maintain a spendable, unassigned portion of fund balance in a range equal to 20 to 50 percent of the current year’s General Fund operating expenditures.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

10. Classification of Fund Balances (Continued)

Road and Bridge and Social Services Special Revenue Funds – the County is to maintain spendable, assigned portions of fund balance in a range equal to 20 to 50 percent of the subsequent year's budgeted expenditures.

Debt Service Fund – the County is to maintain a spendable, restricted portion of fund balance equal to the subsequent year's debt service payments.

11. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources; and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

The following nonmajor governmental fund had expenditures in excess of budget for the year ended December 31, 2021:

Special Revenue Fund	Expenditures		
	Final Budget	Actual	Excess
County Parks			
Current			
Culture and recreation	\$ 261,950	\$ 297,237	\$ 35,287

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

Reconciliation of Morrison County's total cash and investments to the basic financial statements follows:

Government-wide statement of net position	
Governmental activities	
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 40,566,829
Petty cash and change funds	6,550
Departmental cash	7,027
Discretely presented component units	
Cash and pooled investments	521,230
Restricted cash	97,280
Statement of fiduciary net position	
Cash and pooled investments	<u>984,986</u>
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$ 42,183,902</u>

a. Deposits

The County is authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 to designate a depository for public funds and to invest in certificates of deposit. The County is required by Minn. Stat. § 118A.03 to protect deposits with insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes, and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better and revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

a. Deposits (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. It is the County's policy to minimize custodial credit risk by obtaining collateral or bond for all uninsured amounts on deposit and obtaining necessary documentation to show compliance with state law and a perfected security interest under federal law. At December 31, 2021, none of the County's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

b. Investments

The County may invest in the following types of investments as authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05:

- (1) securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6;
- (2) mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
- (3) general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
- (4) bankers' acceptances of United States banks;

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

b. Investments (Continued)

- (5) commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and
- (6) with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. It is the County's policy to minimize investment custodial credit risk by permitting brokers that obtained investments for Morrison County to hold them only to the extent there is Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) coverage and excess SIPC coverage available. Securities purchased that exceed available SIPC coverage shall be transferred to Morrison County's custodian. At December 31, 2021, none of the County's investments were subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the County's investment in a single issuer. The County does not have a policy on concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. It is the County's policy to minimize its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in both short-term and

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

b. Investments

Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

long-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. It is the County's policy to invest only in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by state statute.

The following table presents the County's deposit and investment balances at December 31, 2021, and information relating to potential investment risk:

Investment Type	Credit Risk		Concentration Risk Over 5 Percent of Portfolio	Interest Rate Risk Maturity Date	Carrying (Fair) Value
	Credit Rating	Rating Agency			
Primary government					
Fixed Income – FHLB	AAA/AA+	Moody/S&P	-	<1 yr. - 5 yrs.	\$ 716,023
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/A	N/A	18.12%	<1 yr. - 5 yrs.	5,872,090
Investment pools/mutual funds					
MAGIC fund – Portfolio and Term	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	25,039.967
Money market account with broker	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	58,194
Total investments					\$ 31,686,274
Deposits					3,315,237
Non-negotiable certificates of deposit					5,822,304
MAGIC certificates of deposit					728,000
Petty cash and change funds					6,550
Departmental cash					7,027
Total cash and investments – primary government					\$ 41,565,392
Component units					
Deposits					618,510
Total Cash and Investments					\$ 42,183,902

N/A – Not Applicable

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The County measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- *Level 1:* Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- *Level 2:* Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and
- *Level 3:* Unobservable inputs.

At December 31, 2021, the County had the following recurring fair value measurements.

	December 31, 2021	Fair Value Measurements Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments by fair value level				
Debt securities				
U.S. government securities	\$ 716,023	\$ -	\$ 716,023	\$ -
Money market funds	58,194	-	58,194	-
Negotiable certificates of deposit	<u>5,872,090</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,872,090</u>	<u>-</u>
 Total Investments Included in the Fair Value Hierarchy	 <u>\$ 6,646,307</u>	 <u>\$ -</u>	 <u>\$ 6,646,307</u>	 <u>\$ -</u>
 Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)				
MAGIC Portfolio	\$ 24,039,967			
MAGIC Term	<u>1,000,000</u>			
 Total Investments Measured at the NAV	 <u>\$ 25,039,967</u>			
 Total Investments	 <u>\$ 31,686,274</u>			

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Debt securities classified in Level 2 are valued using the following approaches:

- U.S. government agency securities, municipal securities, and commercial paper are valued using a market approach by utilizing quoted prices for identical securities in markets that are not active; and
- money market funds and negotiable certificates of deposit are valued using matrix pricing based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

MAGIC is a local government investment pool which is quoted at NAV. The County invests in this pool for the purpose of the joint investment of the County's money with those of other counties to enhance the investment earnings accruing to each member.

MAGIC Portfolio is valued using amortized cost. Shares of the MAGIC Portfolio are available to be redeemed upon proper notice without restrictions under normal operating conditions. There are no limits to the number of redemptions that can be made as long as the County has a sufficient number of shares to meet the redemption request. The MAGIC Fund's Board of Trustees can suspend the right of withdrawal or postpone the date of payment if the Trustees determine that there is an emergency that makes the sale of a Portfolio's securities or determination of its NAV not reasonably practical.

Shares of MAGIC Term Series are purchased to mature upon pre-determined maturity dates selected by the County at the time of purchase. Should the County need to redeem shares in a MAGIC Term Series prematurely, they must provide notice at least seven days prior to premature redemption date. The value of a premature redemption is equal to the original price for such share, plus dividends thereon, at the projected yield, less such share's allocation of any losses incurred by the series, less a premature redemption penalty, if any.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets (Continued)

2. Receivables

Accounts receivable include an allowance for doubtful accounts. The total allowance for doubtful accounts for the year ended December 31, 2021, is \$236,743. Amounts not scheduled for collection during the subsequent year were as follows:

	Total Receivables – Net	Amounts Not Scheduled for Collection During the Subsequent Year
Taxes – delinquent	\$ 429,093	\$ -
Special assessments – noncurrent	1,952	-
Accounts	3,062,161	1,575,724
Settlement	1,593,825	1,593,825
Accrued interest	81,831	-
Loans	165,000	135,000
Due from other governments	2,224,186	-

Loans Receivable

The County entered into an agreement with Pierz Township to fund a road project. The original amount of the loan was \$150,000 and is to be repaid over ten years with no interest. The balance of the loan at December 31, 2021, was \$105,000. Payments equal to \$15,000 are due on January 15 of each year with the last payment due in 2028.

The County entered into an agreement with Buckman Township to fund a road project. The original amount of the loan was \$75,000 and is to be repaid over five years with no interest. The balance of the loan at December 31, 2021, was \$60,000. Payments equal to \$15,000 are due on January 15 of each year with the last payment due in 2025.

Loans receivable reported in the Rural Development Finance Authority component unit for the year ended December 31, 2021, were \$472,404. The amount due within one year is \$51,823.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets (Continued)

3. Capital

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increase	Decrease	Ending Balance
Capital assets not depreciated				
Land – infrastructure right-of-way	\$ 2,060,350	\$ 5,853	\$ -	\$ 2,066,203
Land	2,473,709	-	-	2,473,709
Construction in progress	<u>10,763,339</u>	-	<u>10,763,339</u>	<u>-</u>
Total capital assets not depreciated	<u>\$ 15,297,398</u>	<u>\$ 5,853</u>	<u>\$ 10,763,339</u>	<u>\$ 4,539,912</u>
Capital assets depreciated				
Buildings	\$ 26,483,755	\$ 11,191,944	\$ -	\$ 37,675,699
Machinery, furniture, and equipment	13,118,239	904,066	719,986	13,302,319
Infrastructure	<u>180,948,894</u>	<u>10,156,676</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>191,105,570</u>
Total capital assets depreciated	<u>\$ 220,550,888</u>	<u>\$ 22,252,686</u>	<u>\$ 719,986</u>	<u>\$ 242,083,588</u>
Less: accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	\$ 12,960,299	\$ 802,787	\$ -	\$ 13,763,086
Machinery, furniture, and equipment	8,522,192	1,079,602	681,076	8,920,718
Infrastructure	<u>77,211,628</u>	<u>4,888,219</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>82,099,847</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>\$ 98,694,119</u>	<u>\$ 6,770,608</u>	<u>\$ 681,076</u>	<u>\$ 104,783,651</u>
Total capital assets depreciated, net	<u>\$ 121,856,769</u>	<u>\$ 15,482,078</u>	<u>\$ 38,910</u>	<u>\$ 137,299,937</u>
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 137,154,167</u>	<u>\$ 15,487,931</u>	<u>\$ 10,802,249</u>	<u>\$ 141,839,849</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities				
General government				\$ 634,305
Public safety				263,052
Highways and streets, including infrastructure assets				5,498,508
Sanitation				193,820
Human services				95,649
Health				16,919
Culture and recreation				68,355
Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities				<u>\$ 6,770,608</u>

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2021, was as follows:

Due To/From Other Funds

The Social Services Special Revenue Fund owed the General Fund for miscellaneous costs in the amount of \$2,503. The Road and Bridge Fund owed the General Fund \$551 for miscellaneous costs.

Transfers

The County transferred \$562,747 from the General Fund to the County Building Fund. This transfer was made to allocate Sheriff project funds to offset annex costs.

C. Liabilities

1. Payables

Payables at December 31, 2021, were as follows:

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Accounts	\$ 637,425
Salaries	861,838
Contracts	138,943
Due to other governments	77,732
Accrued interest	<u>154,409</u>
 Total Payables	 <u>\$ 1,870,347</u>

2. Unearned Revenue/Deferred Inflows of Resources

Unearned revenue and deferred inflows of resources consist of taxes and special assessments receivable, a settlement receivable resulting from opioid litigation, state grants not collected soon enough after year-end to pay liabilities of the current period, and state and federal grants received but not yet earned. Unearned revenue and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2021, are summarized by fund, as follows:

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

2. Unearned Revenue/Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

	Special Assessments	Taxes	Grants/Loans	Other	Total
Major governmental funds					
General	\$ 1,952	\$ 247,879	\$ 3,434,522	\$ 776,167	\$ 4,460,520
Special Revenue					
Road and Bridge	-	66,532	1,108,440	165,000	1,339,972
Social Services	-	84,095	-	1,852,461	1,936,556
Solid Waste	-	5,545	-	-	5,545
Opioid Settlement	-	-	-	1,593,825	1,593,825
Debt Service	-	18,625	-	-	18,625
Nonmajor governmental funds					
Special Revenue					
County Building	-	4,278	-	-	4,278
County Parks	-	2,139	-	-	2,139
Total	\$ 1,952	\$ 429,093	\$ 4,542,962	\$ 4,387,453	\$ 9,361,460
Liabilities					
Unearned revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,434,522	\$ -	\$ 3,434,522
Deferred inflows of resources					
Unavailable revenue	<u>1,952</u>	<u>429,093</u>	<u>1,108,440</u>	<u>4,387,453</u>	<u>5,926,938</u>
Total	\$ 1,952	\$ 429,093	\$ 4,542,962	\$ 4,387,453	\$ 9,361,460

3. Vacation and Sick Leave

County employees are granted paid time off, in varying amounts, depending on union/non-union status and length of service.

The County pays unused accumulated paid time off to employees upon termination based on two different severance plans. Unvested paid time off valued at \$59,459 at December 31, 2021, is available to employees in the event of an absence but is not paid to them at termination.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities (Continued)

4. Long-Term Debt – Bonds

Information on individual bonds payable at December 31, 2021, was as follows:

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amounts	Interest Rate (%)	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding Balance December 31, 2021
2019A G.O. Utility Improvement Refunding Plan Bonds	2033	\$175,000 - \$290,000	3.00 - 4.00	\$ 3,285,000	\$ 2,720,000
2017A G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds	2038	\$345,000 - \$875,000	2.00 - 3.50	<u>12,735,000</u>	<u>11,680,000</u>
Total General Obligation Bonds				<u>\$ 16,020,000</u>	<u>\$ 14,400,000</u>

5. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements at December 31, 2021, were as follows:

Year Ending December 31	General Obligation Bonds	
	Principal	Interest
2022	\$ 735,000	\$ 455,256
2023	765,000	430,981
2024	790,000	405,656
2025	815,000	379,406
2026	840,000	352,431
2027 - 2031	4,615,000	1,351,083
2032 - 2036	4,120,000	636,728
2037 - 2040	<u>1,720,000</u>	<u>60,725</u>
Total	<u>\$ 14,400,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,072,266</u>

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities (Continued)

6. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 15,120,000	\$ -	\$ 720,000	\$ 14,400,000	\$ 735,000
Bond premiums	212,203	-	16,976	195,227	-
Bond discount	(1,998)	-	(111)	(1,887)	-
Compensated absences	2,251,331	2,089,004	2,312,262	2,028,073	119,875
Estimated liability for landfill closure/postclosure	4,283,572	749,648	-	5,033,220	-
 Total Long-Term Liabilities	 \$ 21,865,108	 \$ 2,838,652	 \$ 3,049,127	 \$ 21,654,633	 \$ 854,875

7. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$5,033,220 landfill closure and postclosure care liability at December 31, 2021, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 67.84 percent of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$1,618,867 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2021. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, or changes in technology or regulations.

The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to a trust to finance closure and postclosure care. The County is in compliance with these requirements and is currently making monthly payments for financial assurance to the Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund under financial hardship status. Hardship was granted based on the current Solid Waste Management Plan, which is based on a five-year planning period. In the spring of

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

7. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs (Continued)

1994, Morrison County received approval of its Solid Waste Management Plan, which granted Morrison County ten years of Certificate of Need for solid waste management. At December 31, 2021, the County has restricted fund balance of \$4,012,460 in the Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund to finance closure and postclosure care. The County expects that future inflation costs will be paid from interest earnings on these annual contributions. However, if interest earnings are inadequate or additional postclosure care requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations, for example), these costs may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users or from future tax revenues.

8. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

a. Plan Description

Morrison County provides a single-employer defined benefit health care plan to eligible retirees and their spouses. The plan offers medical and dental insurance benefits. The County provides benefits for retirees as required by Minn. Stat. § 471.61, subd. 2b. For employees who were hired on or before March 1, 1986, who have at least 20 years of continuous service with the County at retirement, the County will pay \$200 per month for ten years, or until the retiree's 65th birthday if earlier.

No assets have been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph four of GASB Statement 75. The OPEB plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

8. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

b. Participants

Participants of the plan consisted of the following at January 1, 2020, the most recent actuarial valuation date:

Active employees	264
Retired employees	<u>10</u>
Total Plan Participants	<u><u>274</u></u>

c. Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$2,031,810 was measured as of December 31, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020.

The total OPEB liability in the fiscal year-end December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Discount rate	2.12 percent
Payroll growth	3.25 percent
Health care cost trend	7.67 percent, decreasing 0.33 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 employee mortality table for males or females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions are currently based on a combination of historical information and the most recent actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

8. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

c. Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

The contribution requirements of the plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the Morrison County Board of Commissioners. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. Retirees and their spouses contribute to the health care plan at the same rate as County employees. This results in the retirees receiving an implicit rate subsidy.

	<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>
Balance at December 31, 2020	<u>\$ 1,800,022</u>
Changes for the year	
Service cost	\$ 151,907
Interest	52,647
Difference between expected and actual experience	(3,805)
Changes in assumptions	92,073
Benefit payments	<u>(61,034)</u>
Net change	<u>\$ 231,788</u>
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 2,031,810</u>

d. OPEB Liability Sensitivity

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate previously disclosed, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

8. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

d. OPEB Liability Sensitivity (Continued)

	<u>Discount Rate</u>	<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>
1% Decrease	1.12%	\$ 2,179,077
Current	2.12	2,031,810
1% Increase	3.12	1,890,781

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the health care trend rate previously disclosed, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a health care trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care trend rate:

	<u>Health Care Trend Rate</u>	<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>
1% Decrease	6.67% decreasing to 4.00%	\$ 1,805,630
Current	7.67% decreasing to 5.00%	2,031,810
1% Increase	8.67% decreasing to 6.00%	2,302,165

e. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$127,476. The County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 574,111
Changes in actuarial assumptions	232,861	63,538
Contributions paid to OPEB plan subsequent to measurement date	14,639	-
Total	<u>\$ 247,500</u>	<u>\$ 637,649</u>

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

8. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

e. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB
(Continued)

The \$14,639 reported as a deferred outflow of resources relating to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2022.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31	OPEB Expense Amount
2022	\$ (70,607)
2023	(70,607)
2024	(70,607)
2025	(72,384)
2026	(73,755)
Thereafter	(46,828)

f. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The discount rate was changed from 2.74 percent to 2.12 percent.

9. Contract Commitment

As of December 31, 2021, the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund has active road construction projects with remaining commitments of \$66,528.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Fund Balance

1. Nonspendable Fund Balance

The detail of nonspendable fund balance at December 31, 2021, is as follows:

Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund inventory	\$ 935,059
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2. Restricted Fund Balance

The detail of restricted fund balance at December 31, 2021, is as follows:

	General	Solid Waste	Debt Service
Recorder's technology	\$ 327,430	\$ -	\$ -
Recorder's compliance	573,483	-	-
Landfill closure/postclosure	-	4,012,460	-
Law library	87,034	-	-
Prosecutorial purposes	64,758	-	-
Law enforcement	46,111	-	-
DARE	40,079	-	-
Enhanced 911 programs	2,518	-	-
Aquatic invasive species	490,010	-	-
Riparian protection aid	326,091	-	-
Debt service	-	-	961,277
 Total Restricted	 \$ 1,957,514	 \$ 4,012,460	 \$ 961,277

3. Committed Fund Balance

The detail of committed fund balance at December 31, 2021, is as follows:

	General	County Building	County Parks
Park projects	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 223,354
County building projects	-	1,595,226	-
Insurance	385,887	-	-
 Total Committed	 \$ 385,887	 \$ 1,595,226	 \$ 223,354

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

D. Fund Balance (Continued)

4. Assigned Fund Balance

The detail of assigned fund balance at December 31, 2021, is as follows:

	General	Road and Bridge	Social Services	Solid Waste
800-megahertz project	\$ 84,976	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
General government	188,560	-	-	-
Revolving loan	114,525	-	-	-
Septic program	25,000	-	-	-
Jail inmate programs	184,957	-	-	-
Jail upgrades	1,839,972	-	-	-
Sentencing to Service programs	57,884	-	-	-
Corrections	287,586	-	-	-
Sheriff's programs	384,817	-	-	-
Technology upgrades	214,565	-	-	-
Veterans' programs	66,154	-	-	-
Jail PX	155,127	-	-	-
Human services	-	-	5,501,986	-
Attorney's contingency	24,816	-	-	-
Solid waste	-	-	-	3,283,036
Boat and water	29,650	-	-	-
Capital equipment	805,711	-	-	-
Election programs	279,362	-	-	-
Highways and streets	-	6,462,788	-	-
 Total Assigned	 <u>\$ 4,743,662</u>	 <u>\$ 6,462,788</u>	 <u>\$ 5,501,986</u>	 <u>\$ 3,283,036</u>

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

1. Plan Description

All full-time and certain part-time employees of Morrison County are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Plan (the General Employees Plan), the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan (the Police and Fire Plan), and the Public Employees Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Plan (the

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

1. Plan Description (Continued)

Correctional Plan), which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans. These plans are established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The General Employees Plan (accounted for in the General Employees Fund) has multiple benefit structures with members belonging to the Coordinated Plan, the Basic Plan, or the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security, and the Basic Plan and Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members are not. The Basic Plan was closed to new members in 1967. The Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was closed to new members during 1978 and merged into the General Employees Plan in 2015. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan, for which benefits vest after five years of credited service. No Morrison County employees belong to either the Basic Plan or the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund.

Police officers, firefighters, and peace officers who qualify for membership by statute are covered by the Police and Fire Plan (accounted for in the Police and Fire Fund). For members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, benefits vest on a prorated basis starting with 50 percent after five years and increasing ten percent for each year of service until fully vested after ten years. Benefits for members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after ten years and increasing five percent for each year of service until fully vested after 20 years.

Local government employees of a county-administered facility who are responsible for the direct security, custody, and control of the county correctional facility and its inmates are covered by the Correctional Plan (accounted for in the Correctional Fund). For members hired after June 30, 2010, benefits vest on a prorated basis starting with 50 percent after five years and increasing ten percent for each year of service until fully vested after ten years.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

2. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can be modified only by the state legislature. Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January.

General Employees Plan benefit recipients will receive a post-retirement increase equal to 50 percent of the cost of living adjustment announced by the Social Security Administration, with a minimum increase of at least 1.00 percent and maximum of 1.50 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024, or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under the Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

Police and Fire Plan benefit recipients will receive a 1.00 percent post-retirement increase. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 25 months but less than 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

Correctional Plan benefit recipients will receive a post-retirement increase equal to 100 percent of the cost of living adjustment announced by the Social Security Administration, with a minimum increase of at least 1.00 percent and maximum of 2.50 percent. If the Correctional Plan's funding status declines to 85 percent or below for two consecutive years, or 80 percent for one year, the maximum will be lowered from 2.50 percent to 1.50 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

2. Benefits Provided (Continued)

June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraph of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not yet receiving them, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any 60 consecutive months of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. In the General Employees Plan, two methods are used to compute benefits for Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.20 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 1.70 percent of average salary for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 1.70 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. For Police and Fire Plan members, the annuity accrual rate is 3.00 percent of average salary for each year of service. For Correctional Plan members, the annuity accrual rate is 1.90 percent of average salary for each year of service.

For General Employees Plan members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90, and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66. For Police and Fire Plan and Correctional Plan members, normal retirement age is 55, and for members who were hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. Disability benefits are available for vested members and are based on years of service and average high-five salary.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

3. Contributions

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from the investment of fund assets. Rates for employer and employee contributions are set by Minn. Stat. ch. 353. These statutes are established and amended by the state legislature. Rates did not change from 2020.

In 2021, the County and members were required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered salary:

	Member Required Contribution	Employer Required Contribution
General Employees Plan – Coordinated Plan members	6.50%	7.50%
Police and Fire Plan	11.80	17.70
Correctional Plan	5.83	8.75

The County's contributions for the year ended December 31, 2021, to the pension plans were:

General Employees Plan	\$ 1,063,077
Police and Fire Plan	317,311
Correctional Plan	100,809

The contributions are equal to the statutorily required contributions as set by state statute.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

4. Pension Costs

General Employees Plan

At December 31, 2021, the County reported a liability of \$8,301,751 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2020, through June 30, 2021, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2021, the County's proportion was 0.1944 percent. It was 0.1955 percent measured as of June 30, 2020. The County recognized pension expense of \$339,799 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense.

The County also recognized \$20,451 as revenue, which results in a reduction of the net pension liability, for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's expense related to its contribution to the General Employees Plan, which qualifies as a special funding situation. Legislation requires the State of Minnesota to contribute \$16 million to the General Employees Plan annually until September 15, 2031.

The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 8,301,751
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the County	<u>253,472</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 8,555,223</u></u>

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

4. Pension Costs

General Employees Plan (Continued)

The County reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 47,488	\$ 254,223
Changes in actuarial assumptions	5,068,877	180,323
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	7,173,726
Changes in proportion	400,836	73,040
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to the measurement date	<u>530,664</u>	-
 Total	 <u>\$ 6,047,865</u>	 <u>\$ 7,681,312</u>

The \$530,664 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31	Pension Expense Amount
2022	\$ (182,780)
2023	59,227
2024	(79,560)
2025	(1,960,998)

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

4. Pension Costs (Continued)

Police and Fire Plan

At December 31, 2021, the County reported a liability of \$1,081,423 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2020, through June 30, 2021, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2021, the County's proportion was 0.1401 percent. It was 0.1615 percent measured as of June 30, 2020. The County recognized pension expense of (\$41,028) for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense.

The State of Minnesota also contributed \$18 million to the Police and Fire Plan in the plan fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The contribution consisted of \$9 million in direct state aid that meets the definition of a special funding situation and \$9 million in supplemental state aid that does not meet the definition of a special funding situation.

Legislation requires the State of Minnesota to pay direct state aid of \$9 million on October 1, 2020, and to pay \$9 million by October 1 of each subsequent year until full funding is reached, or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier. The County recognized an additional \$8,854 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense related to the special funding situation.

The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,081,423
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the County	<u>48,618</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,130,041</u>

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

4. Pension Costs (Continued)

Police and Fire Plan (Continued)

Legislation also requires the State of Minnesota to contribute \$9 million to the Police and Fire Plan each year, starting in fiscal year 2014, until the plan is 90 percent funded, or until the State Patrol Plan is 90 percent funded, whichever occurs later. The County also recognized \$12,609 as revenue, which results in a reduction of the net pension liability, for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contribution to the Police and Fire Plan.

The County reported its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 212,340	\$ -
Changes in actuarial assumptions	1,589,409	590,863
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	2,037,076
Changes in proportion	121,921	193,322
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to the measurement date	<u>158,745</u>	-
 Total	 <u>\$ 2,082,415</u>	 <u>\$ 2,821,261</u>

The \$158,745 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

4. Pension Costs (Continued)

Police and Fire Plan (Continued)

Year Ended December 31	Pension Expense Amount
2022	\$ (698,546)
2023	(125,422)
2024	(139,233)
2025	(243,678)
2026	309,288

Correctional Plan

At December 31, 2021, the County reported an asset of \$83,964 for its proportionate share of the Correctional Plan's net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2020, through June 30, 2021, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2021, the County's proportion was 0.5111 percent. It was 0.5201 percent measured as of June 30, 2020. The County recognized pension expense of (\$225,516) for its proportionate share of the Correctional Plan's pension expense.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

4. Pension Costs

Correctional Plan (Continued)

The County reported its proportionate share of the Correctional Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ -	\$ 48,363
Changes in actuarial assumptions	525,590	7,884
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	671,875
Changes in proportion	2,131	1,832
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to the measurement date	<u>50,767</u>	-
 Total	 <u>\$ 578,488</u>	 <u>\$ 729,954</u>

The \$50,767 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31	Pension Expense Amount
2022	\$ (26,035)
2023	(4,897)
2024	11,930
2025	(183,231)

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

4. Pension Costs

Total Pension Expense

The total pension expense for all plans recognized by the County for the year ended December 31, 2021, was \$73,255.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following additional actuarial assumptions:

	<u>General Employees Fund</u>	<u>Police and Fire Fund</u>	<u>Correctional Fund</u>
Inflation	2.25% per year	2.25% per year	2.25% per year
Active Member Payroll Growth	3.00% per year	3.00% per year	3.00% per year
Investment Rate of Return	6.50%	6.50%	6.50%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality table for the General Employees Plan and the Pub-2010 Public Safety Employee Mortality tables for the Police and Fire and the Correctional Plans, with slight adjustments. Cost of living benefit increases for retirees are assumed to be 1.25 percent for the General Employees Plan and 2.00 percent for the Correctional Plan. For the Police and Fire Plan, cost of living benefit increases for retirees are 1.00 percent as set by state statute.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study for the General Employees Plan was dated June 27, 2019. The experience study for the Police and Fire Plan was dated July 14, 2020. The experience study for the Correctional Plan was dated July 10, 2020. For all plans, a review of inflation and investment assumptions dated June 24, 2021, was utilized.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

5. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 6.50 percent. The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness of the long-term expected rate of return on a regular basis using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equities	33.50%	5.10%
International equities	16.50	5.30
Fixed income	25.00	0.75
Private markets	25.00	5.90

6. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50 percent in 2021, which is a decrease of one percent from 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the fiduciary net positions of the General Employees Plan, the Police and Fire Plan, and the Correctional Plan were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

7. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Plan Provisions

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2021:

General Employees Plan

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

Police and Fire Plan

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent.
- The inflation assumption was changed from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent.
- The payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 Public Safety Mortality table. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MN-2020.
- The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2019) to the Pub-2010 Public Safety Disabled Annuitant Mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2020).

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

7. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Plan Provisions

Police and Fire Plan (Continued)

- Assumed rates of salary increase were modified as recommended in the July 14, 2020, experience study. The overall impact is a decrease in gross salary increase rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the July 14, 2020, experience study. The changes result in slightly more unreduced retirements and fewer assumed early retirements.
- Assumed rates of withdrawal were changed from select and ultimate rates to service-based rates. The changes result in more assumed terminations.
- Assumed rates of disability were increased for ages 25 - 44 and decreased for ages over 49. Overall, proposed rates result in more projected disabilities.
- Assumed percent married for active female members was changed from 60 percent to 70 percent. Minor changes to form of payment assumptions were applied.

Correctional Plan

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent.
- The inflation assumption was changed from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent.
- The payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

7. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Plan Provisions

Correctional Plan (Continued)

- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 Public Safety Mortality table. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MN-2020.
- The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2019) to the Pub-2010 Public Safety Disabled Annuitant Mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2020).
- Assumed rates of salary increase were modified as recommended in the July 10, 2020, experience study. The overall impact is a decrease in gross salary increase rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the July 10, 2020, experience study. The changes result in slightly more unreduced retirements and fewer assumed early retirements.
- Assumed rates of withdrawal were changed as recommended in the July 10, 2020, experience study. The new rates predict more terminations, both in the three-year select period (based on service) and the ultimate rates (based on age).
- Assumed rates of disability were lowered.
- Assumed percent married for active members was lowered from 85 percent to 75 percent.
- Minor changes to form of payment assumptions were applied.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

8. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate previously disclosed, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	Proportionate Share of the					
	General Employees Plan		Police and Fire Plan		Correctional Plan	
	Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability (Asset)
1% Decrease	5.50%	\$ 16,931,334	5.50%	\$ 3,433,337	5.50%	\$ 873,833
Current	6.50	8,301,751	6.50	1,081,423	6.50	(83,964)
1% Increase	7.50	1,220,651	7.50	(846,563)	7.50	(844,077)

9. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org.

B. Defined Contribution Plan

Five employees of Morrison County are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan, a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The plan is established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. ch. 353D, which may be amended by the state legislature. The plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

4. Pension Plans

B. Defined Contribution Plan (Continued)

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. For those qualified personnel who elect to participate, Minn. Stat. § 353D.03 specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes five percent of salary, which is matched by the employer. Employee and employer contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives two percent of employer contributions and 0.25 percent of the assets in each member account annually.

Total contributions by dollar amount and percentage of covered payroll made by Morrison County during the year ended December 31, 2021, were:

	Employee	Employer
Contribution amount	\$ 8,466	\$ 8,466
Percentage of covered payroll	5.00%	5.00%

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

A. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. To manage these risks, the County has entered into a joint powers agreement with other Minnesota counties to form the Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust (MCIT). MCIT is a public entity risk pool currently operated as a common risk management and insurance program for its members. The County is a member of both the MCIT Workers' Compensation and Property and Casualty Divisions. For other risk, the County carries commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

A. Risk Management (Continued)

The Workers' Compensation Division of MCIT is self-sustaining based on the contributions charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on these contributions will equal the amount needed to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses. MCIT participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association with coverage at \$500,000 per claim in 2021 and 2022. Should the MCIT Workers' Compensation Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

The Property and Casualty Division of MCIT is self-sustaining, and the County pays an annual premium to cover current and future losses. MCIT carries reinsurance for its property lines to protect against catastrophic losses. Should the MCIT Property and Casualty Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

B. Joint Ventures

1. Little Falls-Morrison County Airport Commission

The Little Falls-Morrison County Airport Commission was established in 1965, under the authority of Minn. Stat. § 360.042, for the purpose of constructing, operating, and maintaining an airport facility. The City of Little Falls maintains the accounting records of the Commission. The financial activity of the Commission is reported as the Airport Special Revenue Fund, a blended component unit, in the City of Little Falls' annual financial report.

The governing board is composed of six members: three members appointed by the City of Little Falls and three members appointed by Morrison County. The Commission is financed through federal and state grants, earnings from concessions, leases, and charges made for the use of airport facilities. The City and the County share the remainder of the costs equally.

In the event of dissolution of the Commission, all property acquired, including surplus funds, will be divided between the City and the County as follows:

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. Joint Ventures

1. Little Falls-Morrison County Airport Commission (Continued)

- a. All assets, other than capital improvement assets, will be disposed of in any manner agreed upon by the City of Little Falls and Morrison County. If no agreement is reached within three months after termination, the County Board will appoint an individual as its representative, and the City Council will appoint an individual, who may be a City official, as its representative. The Minnesota Commissioner of Aeronautics will appoint a third person who, together with the City and County appointees, will constitute an advisory board on disposition of the airport property. This board will, as soon as possible, prepare and recommend to the City Council and County Board a complete plan for the disposition of the property. The plan will provide for the continuation of the use of the property as a public airport, if practicable.
- b. If the agreement is terminated by action of Morrison County, all capital improvement assets will belong to the City of Little Falls free and clear of any claim by the County.
- c. If the agreement is terminated by action of the City of Little Falls, all capital improvement assets jointly owned by the City and County will belong to the City of Little Falls, provided the City pays the County 50 percent of the depreciated value of the capital improvement assets.

Morrison County provided \$60,000 in funding to the Commission during 2021. Financial information for the Commission can be obtained from the Little Falls-Morrison County Airport Commission, Little Falls City Hall, 100 Northeast 7th Avenue, Little Falls, Minnesota 56345.

2. Morrison-Todd-Wadena Community Health Services Board

The County Boards of Cass, Morrison, Todd, and Wadena Counties formed a Board of Health in 1977, via a joint powers agreement, for the purpose of maintaining an integrated system of community health services under Minn. Stat. ch. 145. On January 1, 2006, Cass County withdrew from the Board of Health, and Morrison County became the new fiscal agent. The full Board of Health is composed of five County Commissioners from each of the three counties. The Board appoints an

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. Joint Ventures

2. Morrison-Todd-Wadena Community Health Services Board (Continued)

executive committee of two County Commissioners from each of the three counties. An advisory committee composed of three representatives from each of the single county advisory committees makes recommendations to the Board of Health throughout the year. An administrative task force of the three public health directors meets on a monthly basis.

The three counties share responsibility to provide secretarial and financial services and to carry out the administrative requirements of the Board of Health. The three public health directors rotate the administrator position each year. Separate financial information is not available.

3. Morrison County Interagency Coordinating Council

The Morrison County Interagency Coordinating Council (MCICC) was established pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 124D.23. Participants include Mid-State Education District 6979; Tri-County Community Action; Morrison County Public Health; Morrison County Social Services; Morrison County Corrections; and Independent School Districts 482, 484, 485, 486, and 487.

The purpose of the MCICC is to strengthen the network of prevention, early identification, and intervention services for children, youth, and families in Morrison County.

Control of the MCICC is vested in a governing board composed of the Morrison County Social Services Director, the Morrison County Public Health Director, a Morrison County Corrections representative, and the Mid-State Education District Director. Morrison County Social Services is the fiscal agent for the MCICC. Financial information for the MCICC is accounted for in the Local Collaborative Custodial Fund of Morrison County.

Morrison County did not contribute to the Council during 2021. Financial information for the Council can be obtained by calling 320-632-0246.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. Joint Ventures (Continued)

4. Central Minnesota Emergency Medical Services Region

The Central Minnesota Emergency Medical Services Region was established in 2001, under Minn. Stat. § 471.59, to improve access, delivery, and effectiveness of the emergency medical services system; promote systematic and cost-effective delivery of services; and identify and address system needs within the member counties, which include Benton, Cass, Crow Wing, Kanabec, Mille Lacs, Morrison, Pine, Stearns, Todd, Wadena, and Wright Counties. The Region established a Board comprising one Commissioner from each member county. The Region's Board has financial responsibility, and Stearns County is the fiscal agent.

5. Central Minnesota Violent Offender Task Force

Benton, Morrison, Sherburne, Stearns, and Todd Counties, and the Cities of Little Falls, Sartell, Sauk Rapids, St. Cloud, St. Joseph, and Waite Park, have entered into a joint powers agreement to investigate, identify, and disrupt illegal drug and gang activity through multi-jurisdictional investigations in Central Minnesota.

The Stearns County Sheriff's Office is the fiscal agent for the Central Minnesota Violent Offender Task Force. Members provide officers to the Task Force in lieu of appropriations; Morrison County provided no cash funding to this organization during 2021.

Control of the Task Force is vested in a Board of Directors. The members of the Board comprise the Sheriff of each member county; a County Attorney from a member party as the legal advisor to the Task Force; the Chief of Police for the Little Falls Police Department; the Chief of Police for the City of St. Cloud; and one representative from among the Chiefs of Police of Sartell, Sauk Rapids, St. Joseph, and Waite Park, selected annually by a majority vote of the Chiefs of Police.

Complete financial information can be obtained from the City of St. Cloud Police Department, 101 – 11th Avenue North, PO Box 1616, St. Cloud, Minnesota 56303.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. Joint Ventures (Continued)

6. Central Minnesota Emergency Services Board

The Central Minnesota Regional Radio Board was established in 2007, under the authority conferred upon the member parties by Minn. Stat. §§ 471.59 and 403.39. As of June 1, 2011, the Central Minnesota Regional Radio Board changed its name to the Central Minnesota Emergency Services Board. Members include the City of St. Cloud and the Counties of Benton, Big Stone, Douglas, Grant, Kandiyohi, Meeker, Mille Lacs, Morrison, Otter Tail, Pope, Sherburne, Stearns, Stevens, Swift, Todd, Traverse, Wadena, Wilkin, and Wright.

The purpose of the Central Minnesota Emergency Services Board is to provide for regional administration of enhancements to the Statewide Public Safety Radio and Communication System (ARMER) owned and operated by the State of Minnesota.

The Central Minnesota Emergency Services Board is composed of one Commissioner of each county appointed by their respective County Board and one City Council member from the City appointed by the City Council, as provided in the Central Minnesota Emergency Services Board's by-laws.

In the event of dissolution of the Central Minnesota Emergency Services Board, all property, assets, and funds of the Board shall be distributed to the parties of the agreement upon termination in direct proportion to their participation and contribution. Any city or county that has withdrawn from the agreement prior to termination of the Board shall share in the distribution of property, assets, and funds of the Board only to the extent they shared in the original expense.

The Central Minnesota Emergency Services Board has no long-term debt. Financing is provided by the appropriations from member parties and by state and federal grants.

Complete financial information can be obtained from the Central Minnesota Emergency Services Board, St. Cloud City Hall, Office of the Mayor, 400 Second Street South, St. Cloud, Minnesota 56303.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. Joint Ventures (Continued)

7. Great River Regional Library

On September 25, 1969, the Great River Regional Library was formed under a joint powers agreement, creating a regional public library system with Benton, Morrison, Stearns, and Wright Counties. It has expanded to include library services in Sherburne and Todd Counties.

The Board of Directors consists of 15 members, representing all six of the member counties. Morrison County provided \$503,001 to this organization during 2021.

Separate financial information can be obtained from the Great River Regional Library, 1300 West St. Germain Street, St. Cloud, Minnesota 56301.

8. Mississippi Headwaters Board

The Mississippi Headwaters Board was established on February 22, 1980, by Aitkin, Beltrami, Cass, Clearwater, Crow Wing, Hubbard, Itasca, and Morrison Counties, pursuant to the provisions of Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The purpose of the Board is to prepare, adopt, and implement a comprehensive land use plan designed to protect and enhance the Mississippi River and related shoreland areas within the counties.

The Mississippi Headwaters Board consists of eight members, one appointed from each participating county. Funding is obtained through federal, state, local, and private sources. Crow Wing County maintains the accounting records of the Board. Morrison County provided \$1,500 to this organization during 2021.

Complete financial information can be obtained from the Mississippi Headwaters Board, Land Services Building, 322 Laurel Street, Brainerd, Minnesota 56401; Email: mhb@co.crow-wing.mn.us.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. Joint Ventures (Continued)

9. Rural Minnesota Concentrated Employment Programs, Inc., (Workforce Investment Act – Rural Minnesota Workforce Service Area 2)

The Rural Minnesota Concentrated Employment Programs, Inc. (RMCEP), is a private non-profit corporation that provides workforce development services in a 19-county area in North Central and West Central Minnesota. The agency was incorporated in 1968 to operate employment and training programs which include Workforce Investment Act (WIA) services. The RMCEP was established to create job training and employment opportunities for economically disadvantaged, underemployed and unemployed persons, and youthful persons in both the private and the public sector.

Morrison County provided \$220,636 to this organization in 2021.

C. Jointly-Governed Organizations

1. Community Health Information Collaborative

The Community Health Information Collaborative (CHIC) Joint Powers Board promotes an implementation and maintenance of a regional immunization information system to ensure age-appropriate immunizations through complete and accurate records. Morrison County did not contribute to the CHIC during 2021.

2. Region Four – West Central Minnesota Homeland Security Emergency Management Organization

The Region Four – West Central Minnesota Homeland Security Emergency Management Organization was established to provide for regional coordination of planning, training, purchase of equipment, and allocating emergency services and staff in order to better respond to emergencies and natural or other disasters within the region. Control is vested in the Board, which is composed of representatives appointed by each Board of County Commissioners. Morrison County's responsibility does not extend beyond making this appointment.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. Jointly-Governed Organizations (Continued)

3. Minnesota Counties Computer Cooperative

Under Minnesota Joint Powers Law, Minn. Stat. § 471.59, Minnesota counties have created the Minnesota Counties Computer Cooperative (MCCC) to jointly provide for the establishment, operation, and maintenance of data processing systems, facilities, and management information systems. During the year, Morrison County paid the MCCC \$177,770 for services provided.

4. Minnesota Criminal Justice Data Communications Network

The Minnesota Criminal Justice Data Communications Network Joint Powers Agreement exists to create access for the County Sheriff and County Attorney to systems and tools available from the State of Minnesota, Department of Public Safety, and the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension to carry out criminal justice. During the year, Morrison County made no payments to the Network.

5. Sentencing to Service

Morrison County, in conjunction with other local governments, participates in the State of Minnesota's Sentencing to Service (STS) Program. STS is a project of the State Department of Administration's Strive Toward Excellence in Performance (STEP) Program. STEP's goal is a statewide effort to make positive improvements in public services. It gives the courts an alternative to jail or fines for the nonviolent offenders who can work on a variety of community or state projects. Private funding, funds from various foundations, and initiative funds, as well as the Departments of Corrections and Natural Resources, provide the funds needed to operate the STS Program. Although Morrison County has no operational or financial control over the STS Program, Morrison County budgets for a percentage of this program.

The STS Program is a joint effort of Morrison County and the Minnesota Departments of Corrections and Natural Resources. It is designed to have a positive effect by helping inmates meet their court orders and by providing work projects, which improve the management of the state's natural resources. The Morrison County STS Program will enter into agreements with entities qualified as non-profit 501(c)(3) to provide labor for projects.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items (Continued)

D. Tax Abatements

The County is subject to tax abatements granted by cities and other districts within the County, pursuant to Minn. Stat. §§ 469.174-.1794, through a pay-as-you-go note program. Tax increment financing (TIF) can be used to encourage private development, redevelopment, renovation and renewal, growth in low-to-moderate-income housing, and economic development within the city or other district. TIF captures the increase in tax capacity and property taxes (of most taxing jurisdictions, including the County) from development or redevelopment to provide funding for the related project.

The pay-as-you-go note provides for payment to the developer of a percentage of all tax increment received in the prior six months. The payment reimburses the developer for certain public improvements. During 2021, Morrison County had 12 pay-as-you-go notes within the County. The tax increment taxes collected during 2021 totaled \$101,412 for the County and \$48,583 for the Morrison County RDFA component unit. The County's portion of the captured tax capacity and related property taxes was approximately 54 percent.

E. Subsequent Events

On March 11, 2021, the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA) was signed into law. The recovery package provides funding in several areas such as state and local aid, education, rental assistance, transit, stimulus payments for individuals, and other provisions. The local funding portion is approximately \$130 billion, equally divided between cities and counties. Localities will receive the funds in two tranches – the first, after the U.S. Treasury certifies the proceeds to each jurisdiction and the second, one year later. Funding must be spent by the end of calendar year 2024. Morrison County is to receive a total of \$6.5 million over the next three years.

During 2022, final settlement agreements were reached with pharmaceutical companies and distributors as part of the National Prescription Opiate Litigation. For Morrison County, the amount to be received as a result of this litigation is \$1,593,825, to be received over 18 years, which has been recorded as a settlement receivable in the current year. The Minnesota Opioids State-Subdivision Memorandum of Agreement was signed January 24, 2022.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

6. Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Morrison County

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1. Financial Reporting Entity

The Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) of Morrison County is a component unit of Morrison County and is reported in a separate column in the County's financial statements to emphasize that the HRA is a legally separate entity from Morrison County. The HRA of Morrison County operates as a local government unit for the purpose of providing housing and redevelopment services to the local area. The governing body consists of a five-member Board appointed by the County. The financial statements included are as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021.

2. Budget Information

The HRA adopts estimated revenue and expense budgets. Comparisons of estimated revenues and budgeted expenses to actual are not presented in the financial statements. Amendments to the original budget require Board approval. Appropriations lapse at year-end. The HRA does not use encumbrance accounting.

3. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity Accounts

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The HRA's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, negotiable certificates of deposit, money market funds, savings accounts, demand deposits, share accounts, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments are stated at fair value, except for non-negotiable certificates of deposit, which are on a cost basis, and short-term money market investments, which are stated at amortized cost. The fair value of investments is based on quoted market prices. Short-term investments are valued at cost, which approximates fair value.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable have been adjusted for all known uncollectible accounts.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

6. Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Morrison County

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

3. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity Accounts (Continued)

Prepaid Items

Certain payments made for insurance reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements.

Restricted Cash

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted cash. Such segregations are required by grantors and other external parties.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include furniture and equipment. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments greater than \$500 are capitalized. Depreciation is recorded using the straight-line method over the various lives of the assets, which range from three to ten years.

Liabilities

All liabilities are recorded as incurred in the appropriate program.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the HRA before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the HRA has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the statement of net position and the revenue is recognized.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

6. Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Morrison County

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

3. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity Accounts (Continued)

Compensated Absences

Under the HRA's personnel policies, employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on status and length of service. Vacation leave accruals vary from one day to two days per month with a maximum carryover of 30 days.

All unused vacation pay is generally paid at the time of separation from employment. Sick leave accruals vary from eight to ten hours per month based on years of service. If an employee terminates employment due to retirement, death, or resignation and has worked for the HRA for five years, one-half of sick leave (if accrued) shall be paid, not to exceed \$1,000.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the HRA or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position is reported as unrestricted when the funds do not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles required management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

6. Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Morrison County

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

3. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity Accounts (Continued)

Subsequent Events

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization classified the coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak as a pandemic. The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude that the pandemic will have on the HRA's financial condition, liquidity, and future results of operations. Management is actively monitoring the global and local situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the Authority is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity.

B. Detailed Notes

1. Deposits and Investments

The HRA's cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2021, were comprised of demand deposits, savings accounts, and money market accounts. The HRA had no investments as of December 31, 2021.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the HRA's deposits may not be returned to it. The HRA's deposits must be collateralized as required by Minnesota statutes for an amount exceeding FDIC or NCUA coverage. As of December 31, 2021, the HRA's bank balances of \$207,292 were not exposed to custodial credit risk and were fully collateralized.

2. Restricted Assets

The HRA maintains restricted cash in the amount of housing assistance payments equity as required by the grantor. As of December 31, 2021, the restricted cash was \$97,280.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

6. Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Morrison County

B. Detailed Notes (Continued)

3. Capital Assets

A summary of the HRA's capital assets at December 31, 2021, follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increase	Decrease	Ending Balance
Capital assets depreciated Equipment and other	\$ 4,888	\$ 5,299	\$ -	\$ 10,187
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>1,796</u>	<u>1,152</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,948</u>
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 3,092</u>	<u>\$ 4,147</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 7,239</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to Housing Choice Vouchers in the amount of \$665 and State/Local Program in the amount of \$487.

4. Long-Term Obligations

The summary of long-term obligation transactions for the year-ended December 31, 2021, is as follows:

Description	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Compensated absences	<u>\$ 15,954</u>	<u>\$ 3,614</u>	<u>\$ 3,463</u>	<u>\$ 16,105</u>	<u>\$ 2,738</u>

5. Employees Retirement Plan

The HRA has established a 401(a), defined contribution retirement plan. Currently there is one eligible employee. The HRA pays a contribution of 8.00 percent and the employee must pay 5.50 percent of the gross wages. Employer contributions for the year ended December 31, 2021, were \$4,176.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

6. Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Morrison County

B. Detailed Notes (Continued)

6. Risk Management

The HRA is exposed to various risks of loss to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; workers' compensation claims; and natural disasters. Property and casualty and workers' compensation liabilities are insured. The HRA retains risk for the deductible portions of the insurance. The amounts of these deductibles are considered immaterial to the general-purpose financial statements.

7. Contingencies

Under the terms of federal grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenses under the terms of the grants. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenses which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the HRA expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

8. Economic Dependency

The HRA is economically dependent on annual contributions and grants from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. The HRA operates at a loss prior to receiving contributions and grants from HUD.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT A-1

**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 11,259,473	\$ 11,259,473	\$ 11,398,742	\$ 139,269
Special assessments	-	-	85,607	85,607
Licenses and permits	301,000	301,000	367,832	66,832
Intergovernmental	4,453,013	4,453,013	5,045,249	592,236
Charges for services	2,062,512	2,062,512	2,513,979	451,467
Fines and forfeits	2,000	2,000	11,467	9,467
Investment income	400,000	400,000	37,321	(362,679)
Miscellaneous	428,200	428,200	828,789	400,589
Total Revenues	\$ 18,906,198	\$ 18,906,198	\$ 20,288,986	\$ 1,382,788
Expenditures				
Current				
General government				
Commissioners	\$ 316,009	\$ 316,009	\$ 308,413	\$ 7,596
Courts	130,000	130,000	119,308	10,692
Law library	35,000	35,000	38,488	(3,488)
Administrator	640,630	640,630	583,844	56,786
Risk management administration	308,000	308,000	302,095	5,905
Auditor-treasurer	1,119,198	1,119,198	859,993	259,205
Motor vehicle/license bureau	493,365	493,365	490,850	2,515
Information services	852,643	852,643	648,097	204,546
Attorney	1,093,948	1,093,948	1,080,391	13,557
Recorder	469,416	469,416	452,930	16,486
Surveyor	2,400	2,400	-	2,400
Planning and zoning	1,257,000	1,257,000	1,246,337	10,663
Buildings and plant	985,231	985,231	931,444	53,787
Veterans service officer	217,064	217,064	223,224	(6,160)
Other general government	90,000	90,000	926,030	(836,030)
Total general government	\$ 8,009,904	\$ 8,009,904	\$ 8,211,444	\$ (201,540)
Public safety				
Sheriff	\$ 4,327,402	\$ 4,327,402	\$ 4,333,840	\$ (6,438)
Boat and water safety	15,874	15,874	35,424	(19,550)
Coroner	76,500	76,500	42,500	34,000
E-911 system	112,000	112,000	156,855	(44,855)
County jail	2,322,395	2,322,395	2,332,291	(9,896)
Civil defense	92,281	92,281	91,551	730
Community corrections	1,027,680	1,027,680	981,447	46,233
Other public safety	99,028	99,028	213,279	(114,251)
Total public safety	\$ 8,073,160	\$ 8,073,160	\$ 8,187,187	\$ (114,027)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT A-1
(Continued)

**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget		
	Original	Final				
Expenditures						
Current (Continued)						
Health						
Nursing service	<u>\$ 2,608,080</u>	<u>\$ 2,608,080</u>	<u>\$ 2,269,341</u>	<u>\$ 338,739</u>		
Culture and recreation						
Historical society	\$ 54,000	\$ 54,000	\$ 53,802	\$ 198		
Other	<u>40,275</u>	<u>40,275</u>	<u>201,769</u>	<u>(161,494)</u>		
Total culture and recreation	<u>\$ 94,275</u>	<u>\$ 94,275</u>	<u>\$ 255,571</u>	<u>\$ (161,296)</u>		
Conservation of natural resources						
County extension	\$ 211,806	\$ 211,806	\$ 202,648	\$ 9,158		
Soil and water conservation	124,000	124,000	127,918	(3,918)		
Agricultural society	30,000	30,000	29,895	105		
Water planning	20,779	20,779	7,170	13,609		
Ditch	-	-	45,983	(45,983)		
Other	<u>355,376</u>	<u>355,376</u>	<u>330,730</u>	<u>24,646</u>		
Total conservation of natural resources	<u>\$ 741,961</u>	<u>\$ 741,961</u>	<u>\$ 744,344</u>	<u>\$ (2,383)</u>		
Economic development						
Community development	<u>\$ 112,650</u>	<u>\$ 112,650</u>	<u>\$ 113,146</u>	<u>\$ (496)</u>		
Intergovernmental						
Culture and recreation						
Library	<u>\$ 503,001</u>	<u>\$ 503,001</u>	<u>\$ 503,001</u>	<u>\$ -</u>		
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 20,143,031</u>	<u>\$ 20,143,031</u>	<u>\$ 20,284,034</u>	<u>\$ (141,003)</u>		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures						
	\$ (1,236,833)	\$ (1,236,833)	\$ 4,952	\$ 1,241,785		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers out	-	-	(562,747)	(562,747)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ (1,236,833)</u>	<u>\$ (1,236,833)</u>	<u>\$ (557,795)</u>	<u>\$ 679,038</u>		
Fund Balance – January 1	<u>15,578,724</u>	<u>15,578,724</u>	<u>15,578,724</u>	<u>-</u>		
Fund Balance – December 31	<u>\$ 14,341,891</u>	<u>\$ 14,341,891</u>	<u>\$ 15,020,929</u>	<u>\$ 679,038</u>		

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT A-2

**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 4,334,462	\$ 4,334,462	\$ 5,203,924	\$ 869,462
Intergovernmental	10,923,920	10,923,920	10,793,592	(130,328)
Charges for services	180,000	180,000	337,835	157,835
Miscellaneous	-	-	177,292	177,292
Total Revenues	\$ 15,438,382	\$ 15,438,382	\$ 16,512,643	\$ 1,074,261
Expenditures				
Current				
Highways and streets				
Administration	\$ 442,988	\$ 442,988	\$ 529,967	\$ (86,979)
Maintenance	2,888,973	2,888,973	3,521,180	(632,207)
Construction	12,518,141	12,518,141	11,072,150	1,445,991
Equipment maintenance and shop	1,276,114	1,276,114	1,243,649	32,465
Other	-	-	6,004	(6,004)
Total highways and streets	\$ 17,126,216	\$ 17,126,216	\$ 16,372,950	\$ 753,266
Conservation of natural resources				
Agricultural inspector	12,166	12,166	12,438	(272)
Intergovernmental				
Highways and streets	-	-	555,223	(555,223)
Total Expenditures	\$ 17,138,382	\$ 17,138,382	\$ 16,940,611	\$ 197,771
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (1,700,000)	\$ (1,700,000)	\$ (427,968)	\$ 1,272,032
Fund Balance – January 1	7,815,346	7,815,346	7,815,346	-
Increase (decrease) in inventories	-	-	10,469	10,469
Fund Balance – December 31	\$ 6,115,346	\$ 6,115,346	\$ 7,397,847	\$ 1,282,501

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT A-3

**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
SOCIAL SERVICES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 3,735,093	\$ 3,735,093	\$ 3,740,581	\$ 5,488
Intergovernmental	6,935,607	6,935,607	7,127,901	192,294
Charges for services	725,000	725,000	879,412	154,412
Miscellaneous	717,600	717,600	1,120,773	403,173
Total Revenues	\$ 12,113,300	\$ 12,113,300	\$ 12,868,667	\$ 755,367
Expenditures				
Current				
Human services				
Income maintenance	\$ 4,038,650	\$ 4,038,650	\$ 3,754,516	\$ 284,134
Social services	8,149,650	8,149,650	8,080,452	69,198
Total Expenditures	\$ 12,188,300	\$ 12,188,300	\$ 11,834,968	\$ 353,332
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (75,000)	\$ (75,000)	\$ 1,033,699	\$ 1,108,699
Fund Balance – January 1	4,468,287	4,468,287	4,468,287	-
Fund Balance – December 31	\$ 4,393,287	\$ 4,393,287	\$ 5,501,986	\$ 1,108,699

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT A-4

**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
SOLID WASTE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 243,442	\$ 243,442	\$ 244,930	\$ 1,488
Licenses and permits	14,000	14,000	17,825	3,825
Intergovernmental	140,377	140,377	142,316	1,939
Charges for services	3,044,200	3,044,200	3,355,825	311,625
Investment income	-	-	44,202	44,202
Miscellaneous	108,500	108,500	27,720	(80,780)
Total Revenues	\$ 3,550,519	\$ 3,550,519	\$ 3,832,818	\$ 282,299
Expenditures				
Current				
Sanitation				
Solid waste	<u>3,550,519</u>	<u>3,550,519</u>	<u>3,072,896</u>	<u>477,623</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 759,922	\$ 759,922
Fund Balance – January 1	<u>6,535,574</u>	<u>6,535,574</u>	<u>6,535,574</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance – December 31	<u>\$ 6,535,574</u>	<u>\$ 6,535,574</u>	<u>\$ 7,295,496</u>	<u>\$ 759,922</u>

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT B-1

**COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	Special Revenue Funds		
	County Building	County Parks	Total
<u>Assets</u>			
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 1,595,226	\$ 223,459	\$ 1,818,685
Delinquent taxes receivable	4,278	2,139	6,417
Total Assets	\$ 1,599,504	\$ 225,598	\$ 1,825,102
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</u>			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 105	\$ 105
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable revenue	\$ 4,278	\$ 2,139	\$ 6,417
Fund Balances			
Committed			
Park projects	\$ -	\$ 223,354	\$ 223,354
County building projects	1,595,226	-	1,595,226
Total Fund Balances	\$ 1,595,226	\$ 223,354	\$ 1,818,580
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 1,599,504	\$ 225,598	\$ 1,825,102

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT B-2

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	Special Revenue Funds				
	County Building	County Parks	Capital Projects		Total
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 191,967	\$ 109,858	\$ -	\$ 301,825	
Intergovernmental	27,569	137,754	-	165,323	
Investment income	-	-	41	41	
Miscellaneous	<u>28,286</u>	<u>2,131</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>30,417</u>	
Total Revenues	<u>247,822</u>	<u>249,743</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>497,606</u>	
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	\$ 196,656	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 196,656	
Culture and recreation	-	297,237	-	297,237	
Capital outlay					
General government	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>225,288</u>	<u>225,288</u>	
Total Expenditures	<u>196,656</u>	<u>297,237</u>	<u>225,288</u>	<u>719,181</u>	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>51,166</u>	<u>(47,494)</u>	<u>(225,247)</u>	<u>(221,575)</u>	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	562,747	-	-	562,747	
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>613,913</u>	<u>(47,494)</u>	<u>(225,247)</u>	<u>341,172</u>	
Fund Balances – January 1	<u>981,313</u>	<u>270,848</u>	<u>225,247</u>	<u>1,477,408</u>	
Fund Balances – December 31	<u>1,595,226</u>	<u>223,354</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,818,580</u>	

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT B-3

**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
COUNTY BUILDING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 192,431	\$ 192,431	\$ 191,967	\$ (464)
Intergovernmental	27,569	27,569	27,569	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	28,286	28,286
Total Revenues	\$ 220,000	\$ 220,000	\$ 247,822	\$ 27,822
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	220,000	220,000	196,656	23,344
Total Expenditures	\$ 220,000	\$ 220,000	\$ 196,656	\$ 23,344
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 51,166	\$ 51,166
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	562,747	562,747
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 613,913	\$ 613,913
Fund Balance – January 1	<u>981,313</u>	<u>981,313</u>	<u>981,313</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance – December 31	<u>\$ 981,313</u>	<u>\$ 981,313</u>	<u>\$ 1,595,226</u>	<u>\$ 613,913</u>

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT B-4

**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
COUNTY PARKS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 98,141	\$ 98,141	\$ 109,858	\$ 11,717
Intergovernmental	163,809	163,809	137,754	(26,055)
Miscellaneous	-	-	2,131	2,131
Total Revenues	\$ 261,950	\$ 261,950	\$ 249,743	\$ (12,207)
Expenditures				
Current				
Culture and recreation				
Parks	261,950	261,950	297,237	(35,287)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (47,494)	\$ (47,494)
Fund Balance – January 1	270,848	270,848	270,848	-
Fund Balance – December 31	\$ 270,848	\$ 270,848	\$ 223,354	\$ (47,494)

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT C-1

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS – CUSTODIAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	Taxes and Penalties	Jail Inmate	Forfeited Land
<u>Assets</u>			
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 418,890	\$ 7,827	\$ 37,812
Due from other governments	-	-	-
Accounts receivable for other governments	-	-	-
Interest receivable for other governments	-	-	-
Taxes and special assessments receivable for other governments	<u>604,511</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 1,023,401</u>	<u>\$ 7,827</u>	<u>\$ 37,812</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Due to other governments	<u>\$ 418,836</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 37,812</u>
<u>Net Position</u>			
Restricted for Individuals, organizations, and other governments	<u>\$ 604,565</u>	<u>\$ 7,827</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

EXHIBIT C-1
(Continued)

Local Collaborative	Morrison-Todd- Wadena Board of Health	State Taxes and Fees	Civil Action	Total Custodial Funds
\$ 185,422	\$ 144,975	\$ 175,589	\$ -	\$ 970,515
30,609	393,253	-	-	423,862
-	-	191,789	-	191,789
318	-	-	-	318
-	-	-	-	604,511
\$ 216,349	\$ 538,228	\$ 367,378	\$ -	\$ 2,190,995
\$ -	\$ 538,228	\$ 177,895	\$ -	\$ 1,172,771
\$ 216,349	\$ -	\$ 189,483	\$ -	\$ 1,018,224

**MORRISON COUNTY
LITTLE FALLS, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT C-2

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS - CUSTODIAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	Taxes and Penalties	Jail Inmate	Forfeited Land
Additions			
Contributions from individuals	\$ -	\$ 143,402	\$ -
Investment earnings	- -	- -	- -
Property tax and special assessment collections for other governments	26,022,025	- -	- -
Tax-forfeited land sales	- -	- -	37,812
Federal/State revenue	77,344	- -	- -
Other taxes collected for other governments	- -	- -	- -
Fees collected for other governments	- -	- -	- -
Mortgage foreclosure sales	- -	- -	- -
Miscellaneous	- -	- -	- -
Total Additions	\$ 26,099,369	\$ 143,402	\$ 37,812
Deductions			
Beneficiary payments to individuals	\$ - -	\$ 60,381	\$ - -
Payments of property tax and special assessments to other governments	25,901,485	- -	36,125
Payments to state	- -	- -	- -
Administrative expense	- -	- -	1,687
Payments to other individuals/entities	233,078	80,622	- -
Total Deductions	\$ 26,134,563	\$ 141,003	\$ 37,812
Change in net position	\$ (35,194)	\$ 2,399	\$ - -
Net Position – January 1	\$ 639,759	\$ 5,428	\$ - -
Net Position – December 31	\$ 604,565	\$ 7,827	\$ - -

EXHIBIT C-2
(Continued)

Local Collaborative	Morrison-Todd-Wadena Board of Health	State Taxes and Fees	Civil Action	Total Custodial Funds
-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 143,402
2,845	-	-	-	2,845
-	-	-	-	26,022,025
-	-	-	-	37,812
118,457	1,799,365	-	-	1,995,166
-	-	1,474,357	-	1,474,357
-	-	1,207,016	-	1,207,016
-	-	-	443,528	443,528
11,000	-	-	-	11,000
132,302	\$ 1,799,365	\$ 2,681,373	\$ 443,528	\$ 31,337,151
-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 60,381
-	-	-	-	25,937,610
-	-	2,656,998	-	2,656,998
-	-	-	-	1,687
153,954	1,979,167	-	443,528	2,890,349
153,954	\$ 1,979,167	\$ 2,656,998	\$ 443,528	\$ 31,547,025
(21,652)	\$ (179,802)	\$ 24,375	\$ -	\$ (209,874)
238,001	179,802	165,108	-	1,228,098
216,349	\$ -	\$ 189,483	\$ -	\$ 1,018,224

Minnesota State Law – Chapter 156 of the Session Laws of 2005 – Requires that “a city or county with a population of more than 15,000 must annually notify its residents of the positions and base salaries of its three highest paid employees.” For Morrison County, titles and salaries as of July 1, 2021 are as follows:

County Attorney	\$141,024
Sheriff	\$135,595
Social Services Director	\$135,595

Date of Publication: November 13, 2022